

30/05/2006

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NEWS 1 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS 2 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS 3 JAN 17 Pre-1988 INPI data added to MARPAT
NEWS 4 FEB 21 STN AnaVist, Version 1.1, lets you share your STN AnaVist visualization results
NEWS 5 FEB 22 The IPC thesaurus added to additional patent databases on STN
NEWS 6 FEB 22 Updates in EPFULL; IPC 8 enhancements added
NEWS 7 FEB 27 New STN AnaVist pricing effective March 1, 2006
NEWS 8 MAR 03 Updates in PATDPA; addition of IPC 8 data without attributes
NEWS 9 MAR 22 EMBASE is now updated on a daily basis
NEWS 10 APR 03 New IPC 8 fields and IPC thesaurus added to PATDPAFULL
NEWS 11 APR 03 Bibliographic data updates resume; new IPC 8 fields and IPC thesaurus added in PCTFULL
NEWS 12 APR 04 STN AnaVist \$500 visualization usage credit offered
NEWS 13 APR 12 LINSPEC, learning database for INSPEC, reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 14 APR 12 Improved structure highlighting in FQHIT and QHIT display in MARPAT
NEWS 15 APR 12 Derwent World Patents Index to be reloaded and enhanced during second quarter; strategies may be affected
NEWS 16 MAY 10 CA/CAPLUS enhanced with 1900-1906 U.S. patent records
NEWS 17 MAY 11 KOREAPAT updates resume
NEWS 18 MAY 19 Derwent World Patents Index to be reloaded and enhanced

NEWS EXPRESS FEBRUARY 15 CURRENT VERSION FOR WINDOWS IS V8.01a, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 19 DECEMBER 2005. V8.0 AND V8.01 USERS CAN OBTAIN THE UPGRADE TO V8.01a AT <http://download.cas.org/express/v8.0-Discover/>

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS IPC8 For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8
NEWS X25 X.25 communication option no longer available after June 2006

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 MAY 2006 HIGHEST RN 885861-83-6
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 MAY 2006 HIGHEST RN 885861-83-6

New CAS Information Use Policies. enter **HELP USAGETERMS** for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

*
* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from *
* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, *
* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now *
* available and contains the CA role and document type information. *
*

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information

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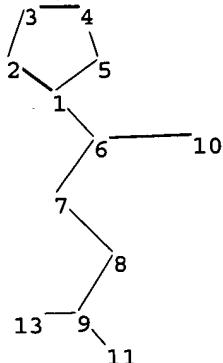
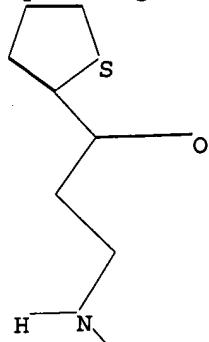
30/05/2006

on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10525820c.str



chain nodes :

6 7 8 9 10 11 13

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5

chain bonds :

1-6 6-7 6-10 7-8 8-9 9-11 9-13

ring bonds :

1-2 1-5 2-3 3-4 4-5

exact/norm bonds :

1-2 1-5 2-3 3-4 4-5 6-10 8-9 9-11

exact bonds :

1-6 6-7 7-8 9-13

G1:CH3,Et,n-Pr,i-Pr,n-Bu,i-Bu,s-Bu,t-Bu,Ak

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS
10:CLASS 11:CLASS 13:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

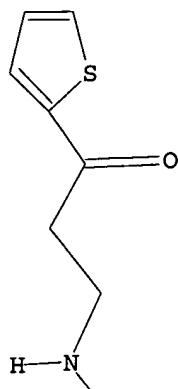
=> d 11

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

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G1 Me,Et,n-Pr,i-Pr,n-Bu,i-Bu,s-Bu,t-Bu,Ak

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

```
=> s 11
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 09:34:42 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 190 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 190 ITERATIONS 9 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 2973 TO 4627
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 9 TO 360
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L2 9 SEA SSS SAM L1

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=> s 11 full
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 09:34:46 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 4084 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 4084 ITERATIONS 100 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
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L3 100 SEA SSS FUL L1

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=> file hcaplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
                           ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST           166.94 167.15
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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:34:52 ON 30 MAY 2006
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 30 May 2006 VOL 144 ISS 23
FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 May 2006 (20060528/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13
L4 47 L3

=> save
ENTER L#, .L# RANGE, ALL, OR (END) :end

=> d ed abs ibib hitstr 1-47

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 03 Feb 2006
AB A dosage form comprising of a high dose, high solubility active ingredient as modified release and a low dose active ingredient as immediate release where the weight ratio of immediate release active ingredient and modified release active ingredient is from 1:10 to 1:15000 and the weight of modified release active ingredient per unit is from 500 mg to 1500 mg; a process for preparing the dosage form. Tablets containing 10 mg sodium pravastatin and 1000 mg niacin were prepared. The release of sodium pravastatin after 24 h was 67.7%, and the release of niacin after 1 h was 84.1%.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:100738 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:198849
TITLE: Novel dosage form comprising modified-release and immediate-release active ingredients
INVENTOR(S): Vaya, Navin; Karan, Rajesh Singh; Sadanand, Sunil; Gupta, Vinod Kumar
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): India
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 49 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 630,446.
CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006024365	A1	20060202	US 2005-134633	20050519
US 2004096499	A1	20040520	US 2003-630446	20030729
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IN 2002-MU697	A 20020805
			IN 2002-MU699	A 20020805
			IN 2003-MU80	A 20030122
			IN 2003-MU82	A 20030122
			US 2003-630446	A2 20030729

IT 28745-68-8, Thiofedrine
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(novel dosage form comprising modified-release and immediate-release

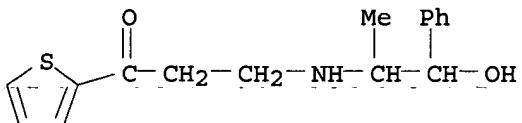
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active ingredients)

RN 28745-68-8 HCAPLUS

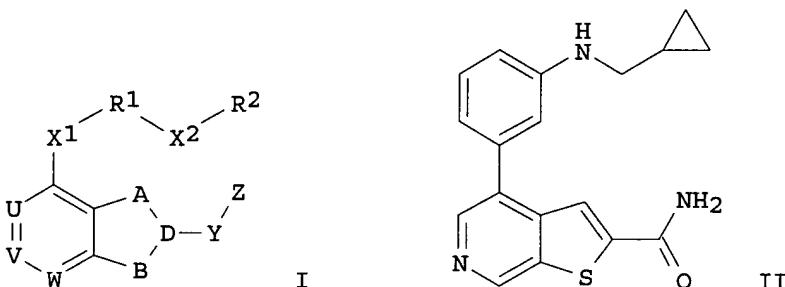
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 2 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 24 Nov 2005

GI



AB The invention is related to the preparation of fused heterocycles of formula I [A, B = independently N, S, O, a bond, etc.; D = C, N, S, O, C:C; U, V, W = independently CH and derivs., N; Y = a bond, CONH₂ and derivs., SO, etc.; Z = H, halo, CN, etc.; X₁ = a bond, halo, O, SO, NHSO₂, etc.; R₁ = a bond, (un)substituted benzofuranyl, benzimidazolyl, pyrrolyl, etc.; when R₁ is not a bond, then X₂ = a bond, O,S, NHCO and derivs., aliphatic group, etc.; or when R₁ = a bond, then X₂ = a bond and R₂ is not a bond; R₂ = a bond or (un)substituted benzoxazolyl, Ph, etc.; with provisos; and with the exception of certain compds.], and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts as inhibitors of kinases, particularly COT or MK2 kinases. The invention is also related to the use of certain compds. I as inhibitors of angiogenic receptor tyrosine kinases. Thus, reacting 4-(3-aminophenyl)thieno[2,3-c]pyridine-2-carboxamide with cyclopropanecarboxaldehyde gave thienopyridine II. All compds. I significantly inhibit either COT or MK2 at concns. of 50 μM or below.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1240986 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:22906

TITLE: Preparation of fused heterocycle kinase inhibitors for treatment of protein tyrosine kinase-related diseases

INVENTOR(S): Cusack, Kevin; Salmeron-Garcia, Jose-Andres; Gordon, Thomas D.; Barberis, Claude E.; Allen, Hamish J.; Bischoff, Agnieszka K.; Ericsson, Anna M.; Friedman, Michael M.; George, Dawn M.; Roth, Gregory P.; Talanian, Robert V.; Thomas, Christine; Wallace, Grier A.; Wishart, Neil; Yu, Zhengtian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Abbott Laboratories, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 362 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

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DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005110410	A2	20051124	WO 2005-US16903	20050513
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2006074102	A1	20060406	US 2005-129624	20050513

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-571281P P 20040514

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 144:22906

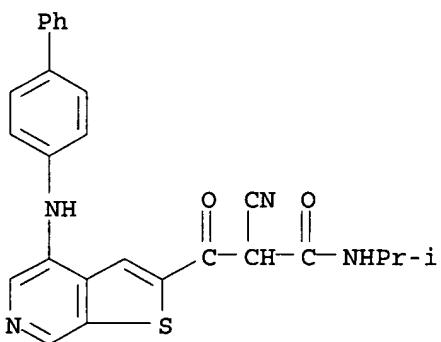
IT 870243-88-2P, 3-[4-[(Biphenyl-4-yl)amino]thieno[2,3-c]pyridin-2-yl]-2-cyano-N-isopropyl-3-oxopropionamide

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(COT kinase inhibitor; preparation of fused heterocycles as kinase inhibitors)

RN 870243-88-2 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-c]pyridine-2-propanamide, 4-(([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylamino)- α -cyano-N-(1-methylethyl)- β -oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 3 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 16 Sep 2005

GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The invention discloses compds. I [R1 is H, OR8, NR9R10 or CHR9R10, where

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R8, R9 and R10 are independently H, alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, etc; A, M are independently R, OR, NHR, NRR', SR, SO2R or halo; or A and M form a ring; E is CH or CR; L is CH, CR, CH2CR or CRCH2; R, R', R2, R3 are independently H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc. or NRR' is heterocyclyl; Y is R4CR5R6-G-, where G is NH or O, R4 is alkyl, acyl, carbalkoxy, sulfamoyl, etc.; R5, R6 are independently H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.], including stereoisomers, pharmaceutically-acceptable salts or esters, etc., which have hepatitis C virus (HCV) protease inhibitory activity and includes methods for their synthesis and use in the treatment of disorders associated with the HCV protease. Synthetic examples and tables showing products of the invention along with Ki values are given. Thus, peptide II, prepared by a multistep procedure involving peptide coupling in solution, showed Ki = 5 nM for inhibition of HCV protease.

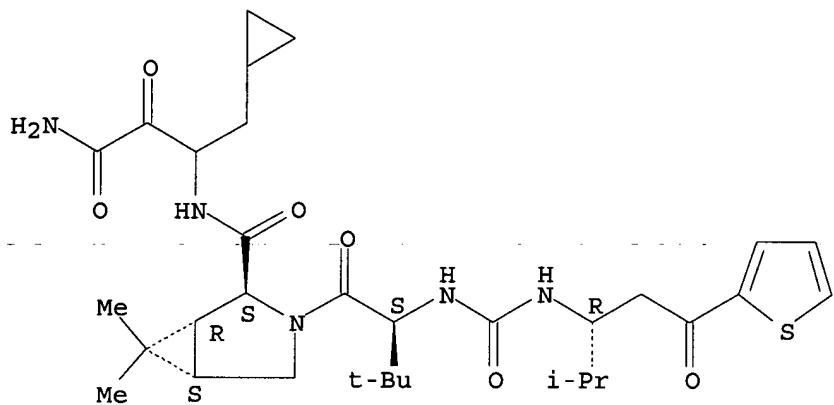
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1004768 HCPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:306546
TITLE: Preparation of peptides as inhibitors of hepatitis C virus NS3 protease
INVENTOR(S): Bogen, Stephane L.; Pan, Weidong; Ruan, Sumei; Chen, Kevin X.; Arasappan, Ashok; Venkatraman, Srikanth; Nair, Latha G.; Sannigrahi, Mousumi; Bennett, Frank; Saksena, Anil K.; Njoroge, F. George; Girijavallabhan, Viyyoor M.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering Corporation, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 570 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005085275	A1	20050915	WO 2005-US6502	20050224
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2005267043	A1	20051201	US 2005-65572	20050224
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-548251P	P 20040227
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	143:306546		
IT 864802-67-5P				
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)				
RN 864802-67-5 HCPLUS				
CN 3-Azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2-carboxamide, N-[3-amino-1-(cyclopropylmethyl)-2,3-dioxopropyl]-3-[(2S)-3,3-dimethyl-2-[[[(1R)-1-(1-methylethyl)-3-oxo-3-(2-thienyl)propyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-1-oxobutyl]-6,6-dimethyl-, (1R,2S,5S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

Absolute stereochemistry.

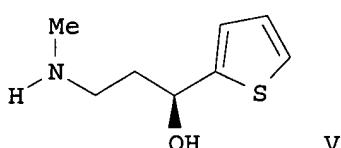
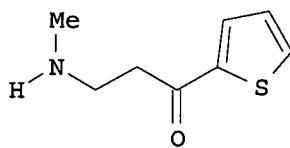
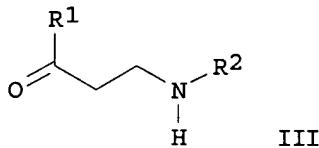
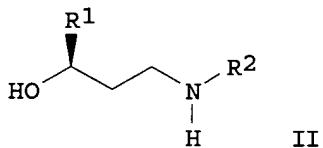
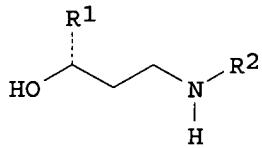
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REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 02 Sep 2005
GI



AB A process for the preparation of enantiomerically pure 1-substituted-3-aminoalcs. of formula I [wherein R¹ = (un)substituted 2-thienyl, (un)substituted 2-furanyl, or (un)substituted phenyl; R² = (un)substituted C1-4 alkyl or (un)substituted phenyl] and formula II [wherein R¹ = (un)substituted 2-thienyl, (un)substituted 2-furanyl, or (un)substituted phenyl; R² = (un)substituted C1-4 alkyl or (un)substituted phenyl], by asym. hydrogenating an aminoketone or salts of a carboxylic acid and an aminoketone of formula III [wherein R¹ = (un)substituted 2-thienyl, (un)substituted 2-furanyl, or (un)substituted phenyl; R² = (un)substituted C1-4 alkyl or (un)substituted phenyl], and wherein the corresponding aminoalcs. are obtained by subsequent hydrolysis of their salts. Thus, a

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mixture of 2-acetylthiophene, methylamine hydrochloride, and paraformaldehyde were heated to 120-130 °C for nine hours in ethanol and precipitated to provide 3-N-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1 propanone hydrochloride (PRON-HCl, IV·HCl) which was subsequently stereoselectively reduced in the presence of a transition metal complex of a diphosphine ligand to provide (S)-(-)-3-N-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanol ((S)-PROL-HCl, V). Furthermore provided are salts of carboxylic acids with said aminoketones and the aminoalcs. obtained by asym. hydrogenating said aminoketones, resp.

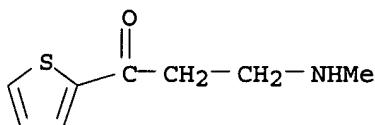
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:962239 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:266590
TITLE: Process for the preparation of enantiomerically pure 1-substituted-3-aminoalcohols
INVENTOR(S): Michel, Dominique; Mettler, Hanspeter; McGarrity, John
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lonza A.-G., Switz.
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005080370	A1	20050901	WO 2005-EP1781	20050221
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1566383	A1	20050824	EP 2004-3809	20040219
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2004-3809	A 20040219
			EP 2004-10043	A 20040428

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:266590
IT 863094-06-8P 863094-15-9P 863094-23-9P
863094-31-9P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(process for the preparation of enantiomerically pure 1-substituted-3-aminoalcs.)
RN 863094-06-8 HCAPLUS
CN α -L-xylo-2-Hexulofuranosonic acid, 2,3:4,6-bis-O-(1-methylethylidene)-, compd. with 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CM 1
CRN 667465-15-8
CMF C8 H11 N O S

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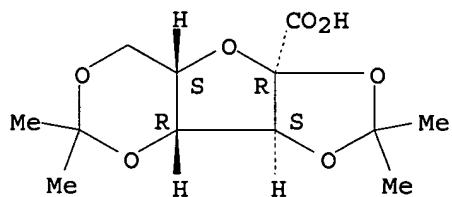
30/05/2006



CM 2

CRN 18467-77-1
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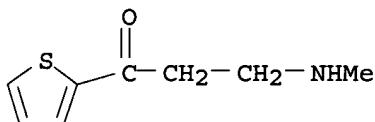
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 863094-15-9 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, benzoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

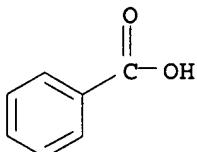
CM 1

CRN 667465-15-8
CMF C8 H11 N O S



CM 2

CRN 65-85-0
CMF C7 H6 O2



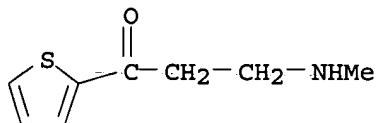
RN 863094-23-9 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Young, Shawquia

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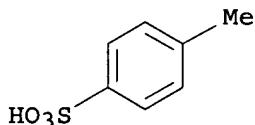
CM 1

CRN 667465-15-8
CMF C8 H11 N O S



CM 2

CRN 104-15-4
CMF C7 H8 O3 S

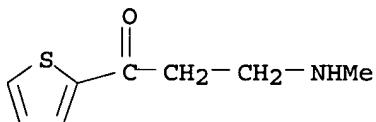


RN 863094-31-9 HCPLUS

CN Dodecanoic acid, compd. with 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone
(1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667465-15-8
CMF C8 H11 N O S



CM 2

CRN 143-07-7
CMF C12 H24 O2

HO₂C-(CH₂)₁₀-Me

IT 645411-16-1P 863094-12-6P

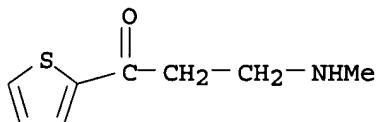
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(process for the preparation of enantiomerically pure 1-substituted-3-aminoalcs.)

RN 645411-16-1 HCPLUS

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

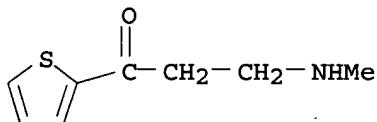
RN 863094-12-6 HCAPLUS

CN L-xylo-2-Hexulosonic acid, compd. with 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667465-15-8

CMF C8 H11 N O S

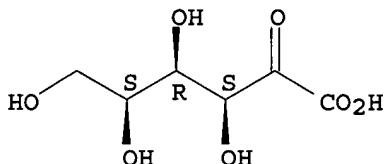


CM 2

CRN 526-98-7

CMF C6 H10 O7

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 26 Aug 2005

AB Provided is a process for the preparation of enantiomerically pure 1-substituted-3-amino alcs. (R)- or (S)-HOCH(R1)CH2CH2NHR2 (R1 = 2-thienyl, 2-furanyl, Ph, substituted 2-thienyl, substituted 2-furanyl, substituted Ph; R2 = C1-C4-alkyl, Ph, substituted C1-C4-alkyl, substituted Ph), particularly (S)-(-)- and (R)-(+) -3-N-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanol, by asym. hydrogenating salts of R1COCH2CH2NHR2 using Rh and an asym. ligand.

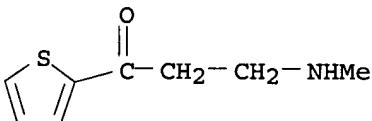
Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:901934 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:248273
TITLE: Preparation of enantiomerically pure
1-substituted-3-amino alcohols
INVENTOR(S): Michel, Dominique
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lonza A.-G., Switz.
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 14 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1566383	A1	20050824	EP 2004-3809	20040219
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
WO 2005080370	A1	20050901	WO 2005-EP1781	20050221
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2004-3809	A 20040219
			EP 2004-10043	A 20040428

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:248273; MARPAT 143:248273
IT 645411-16-1P, 3-(N-Methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone
hydrochloride 863094-06-8P 863094-15-9P
863094-23-9P 863094-31-9P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(asym. synthesis of 1-substituted -3-amino alcs. via hydrogenation of
amino ketones)
RN 645411-16-1 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)



● HCl

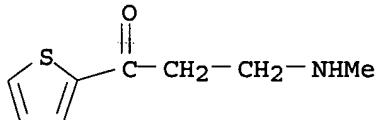
RN 863094-06-8 HCAPLUS
CN α-L-xylo-2-Hexulofuranosonic acid, 2,3:4,6-bis-O-(1-methylethylidene)-, compd. with 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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CM 1

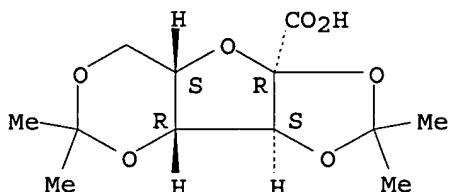
CRN 667465-15-8
CMF C8 H11 N O S



CM 2

CRN 18467-77-1
CMF C12 H18 07

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

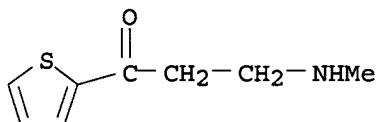


RN 863094-15-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, benzoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

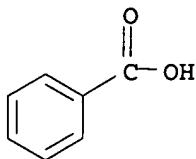
CRN 667465-15-8
CMF C8 H11 N O S



CM 2

CRN 65-85-0
CMF C7 H6 02

30/05/2006



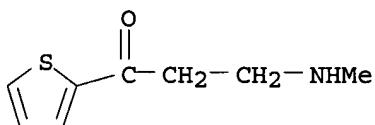
RN 863094-23-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, 4-methylbenzenesulfonate
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667465-15-8

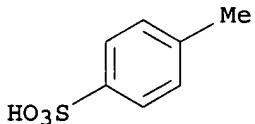
CMF C8 H11 N O S



CM 2

CRN 104-15-4

CMF C7 H8 O₃ S



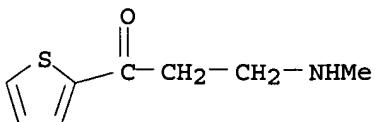
RN 863094-31-9 HCAPLUS

CN Dodecanoic acid, compd. with 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone
(1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 667465-15-8

CMF C8 H11 N O S



CM 2

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

CRN 143-07-7
CMF C12 H24 O2

HO₂C—(CH₂)₁₀—Me

IT 863094-12-6P

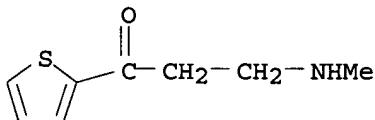
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(asym. synthesis of 1-substituted -3-amino alcs. via hydrogenation of
amino ketones)

RN 863094-12-6 HCPLUS

CN L-xylo-2-Hexulosonic acid, compd. with 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

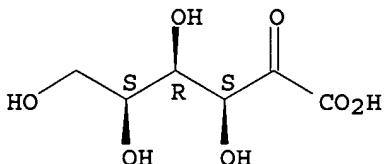
CRN 667465-15-8
CMF C8 H11 N O S



CM 2

CRN 526-98-7
CMF C6 H10 O7

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 18 Jul 2005

AB The series of both syn- resp. anti- γ -thienyl- γ -hydroxy- α -aminobutanoic acids can be prepared using conjugate addition of chiral nonracemic 1-phenylethylamines on the corresponding β -thienoylacrylic acids and asym. reduction as the key steps of the synthesis. Raney nickel desulfurization in the hydrogen atmospheric represents straightforward access to the enantiomerically pure syn- resp. anti- γ -hydroxy- α -aminooctanoic resp. nonanoic acids derivs.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:618404 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:253785

TITLE: Thienylsubstituted derivatives of α -aminobutanoic acid. Practical approach to

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enantiomerically pure γ -hydroxy- α -aminoctanoic and γ -hydroxy- α -aminononanoic acids

AUTHOR(S) : Berkes, Dusan; Gubala, Vladimir; Povazanec, Frantisek
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic Chemistry, Slovak Technical University, Bratislava, SK-812 37, Slovakia
SOURCE: International Electronic Conferences on Synthetic Organic Chemistry, 5th, 6th, Sept. 1-30, 2001 and 2002 [and] 7th, 8th, Nov. 1-30, 2003 and 2004 (2004), 1393-1404. Editor(s): Seijas, Julio A. Molecular Diversity Preservation International: Basel, Switz.
CODEN: 69GTCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (computer optical disk)

LANGUAGE: English

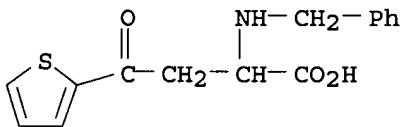
IT 204910-46-3P 877475-58-6P 877475-59-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(stereoselective preparation of amino(thienyl)tetrahydrofuranones via Friedel-Crafts acylation of thiophenes with maleic anhydride followed by conjugate addition of amines, asym. reduction, and cyclization in the preparation of amino(hydroxy) acids)

RN 204910-46-3 HCAPLUS

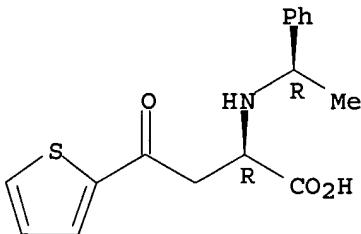
CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, γ -oxo- α -[(phenylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 877475-58-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, γ -oxo- α -[(1R)-1-phenylethyl]amino]-, (α R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

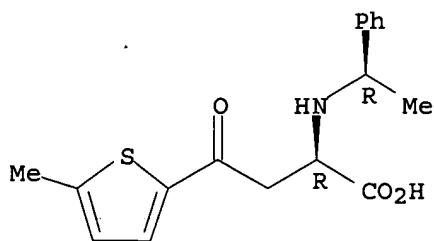


RN 877475-59-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, 5-methyl- γ -oxo- α -[(1R)-1-phenylethyl]amino]-, (α R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

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REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 24 Mar 2005

AB Several β -secondary amino ketone hydrochlorides were hydrogenated with remarkably high enantioselectivities by using a rhodium complex containing P-chiral bisphospholane. These results establish a short and practical means for the synthesis of enantiopure N-monosubstituted γ -amino alcs., which are key intermediates in the synthesis of important antidepressants. For example, the bis[di(methyl)ethyl]tetra(hydro)-1,1'-bi-1H-isophosphindole-rhodium-catalyzed stereoselective hydrogenation of 3-(methylamino)-1-phenyl-1-propanone hydrochloride gave (α S)- α -[2-[(methyl)amino]ethyl]benzenemethanol, which is a synthetic precursor for (γ S)-N-methyl- γ -[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]benzenepropanamine [i.e., (S)-fluoxetine]. The synthesis of (α S)-[[(methyl)amino]ethyl]thiophenemethanol, a key synthetic intermediate for (S)-duloxetine, was also reported.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:251916 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:481782

TITLE: Practical synthesis of enantiopure γ -amino alcohols by rhodium-catalyzed asymmetric hydrogenation of β -secondary-amino ketones

AUTHOR(S): Liu, Duan; Gao, Wenzhong; Wang, Chunjiang; Zhang, Xumu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, The Pennsylvania State University, University Park, PA, 16802, USA

SOURCE: Angewandte Chemie, International Edition (2005), 44(11), 1687-1689

CODEN: ACIEF5; ISSN: 1433-7851

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:481782

IT 645411-16-1P

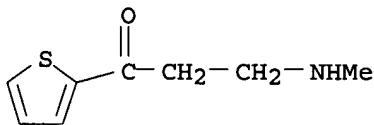
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of chiral [(methyl)amino]ethyl)arenemethanol by bis[di(methyl)ethyl]tetra(hydro)-1,1'-bi-1H-isophosphindole-rhodium-catalyzed stereoselective hydrogenation using (aryl)[(methyl)amino]propanone hydrochloride as synthetic intermediate)

RN 645411-16-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

30/05/2006



● HCl

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 04 Mar 2005
GI



AB A process for the preparation of enantiomerically enriched or enantiomerically pure β -amino alcs. [I; X = S, O; R = (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl] comprises asym. hydrogenation of ketones (II; variables as above) using transition metal complexes of chiral bidentate phosphines as catalysts. Thus, 3-methylamino-1-(thien-2-yl)propan-1-one hydrochloride (preparation given), NaOMe, (S,S)-Me-DuPhos, and [Rh(COD)2]BF4 were autoclaved together in MeOH at 30-34° and 30 bar H2 for 5 h to give 67% (S)-3-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanol in >99% enantiomeric excess.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:181066 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:280046

TITLE: Process for the asymmetric hydrogenation of β -amino ketones using transition metal complexes of chiral bidentate phosphines as catalysts.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lonza AG, Switz.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1510517	A1	20050302	EP 2003-77734	20030901
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
AU 2004268057	A1	20050310	AU 2004-268057	20040831
WO 2005021527	A2	20050310	WO 2004-EP9690	20040831
WO 2005021527	A3	20050714		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,				

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NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,
SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 2003-77734 A 20030901
WO 2004-EP9690 W 20040831

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:280046; MARPAT 142:280046

IT 645411-16-1P 645411-17-2P 645411-18-3P

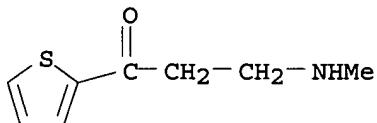
645411-19-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(asym. hydrogenation of aminoketones using transition metal complexes
of chiral bidentate phosphines as catalysts)

RN 645411-16-1 HCAPLUS

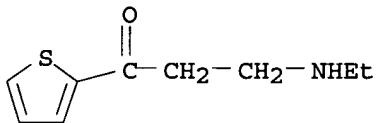
CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 645411-17-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-(ethylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



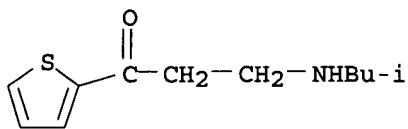
● HCl

RN 645411-18-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-methylpropyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

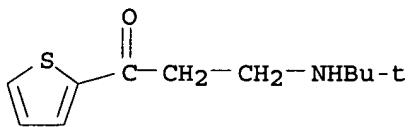
Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006



● HCl

RN 645411-19-4 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 21 Oct 2004

AB The present invention concerns proteins, which possess an enzymic activity for reduction of substituted alkanones, such as 3-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-propane-1-one. Furthermore, the invention concerns nucleic acids which code for these proteins, vectors, and genetically modified microorganisms as well as procedures for the production of substituted (S)-alkanols, e.g., (S)-3-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-(S)-propanol. This compound may be used in the synthesis of duloxetine.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:870926 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:348875

TITLE: L-carnitine dehydrogenase and microorganisms producing L-carnitine dehydrogenase and their use in production of substituted (S)-alkanols

INVENTOR(S): Althoefer, Henning; Kesseler, Maria

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BASF A.-G., Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 41 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

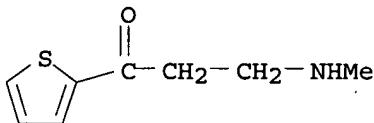
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 10315760	A1	20041021	DE 2003-10315760	20030407
CA 2521288	AA	20041021	CA 2004-2521288	20040406
WO 2004090094	A2	20041021	WO 2004-EP3655	20040406
WO 2004090094	A3	20050317		

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30/05/2006

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM, HR, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI,
SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,
TD, TG
EP 1613745 A2 20060111 EP 2004-725924 20040406
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR
CN 1771323 A 20060510 CN 2004-80009243 20040406
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 2003-10315760 A 20030407
WO 2004-EP3655 W 20040406
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:348875
IT 667465-15-8
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(l-carnitine dehydrogenase and microorganisms producing L-carnitine
dehydrogenase and their use in production of substituted (S)-alkanols)
RN 667465-15-8 HCPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 10 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 29 Sep 2004
AB The 2:1 adducts produced in the reaction between Me3NC and RCOCH2COCF3 [R = Ph, 2-thienyl, 2-naphthyl] were isolated and characterized as fluorinated aminoketenimines Me3CN:C:C(NHCMe3)CH(COR)COCF3, which undergo enolization-cyclization reactions in boiling chloroform to produce new trifluoromethylated furan derivs.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:792118 HCPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:261346
TITLE: Reaction between tert-butyl isocyanide and 1,1,1-trifluoro-4-aryl-butane-2,4-diones. Synthesis of new trifluoromethylated furan derivatives
AUTHOR(S): Mosslemin, Mohammad H.; Yavari, Issa;
Anary-Abbasinejad, Mohammad; Nateghi, Mohammad R.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Islamic Azad University,
Yazd, Iran
SOURCE: Journal of Fluorine Chemistry (2004), 125(10),
1497-1500
CODEN: JFLCAR; ISSN: 0022-1139
PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:261346
IT 845965-02-8P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

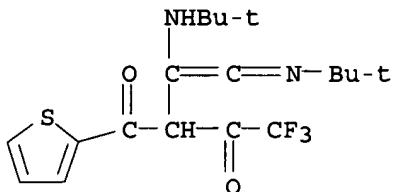
Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

(reaction between tert-Bu isocyanide and 1,1,1-trifluoro-4-aryl-butane-2,4-diones to give trifluoromethylfuran derivs.)

RN 845965-02-8 HCPLUS

CN 1,3-Butanedione, 2-[([(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino][(1,1-dimethylethyl)imino]ethenyl]-4,4,4-trifluoro-1-(2-thienyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 05 Aug 2004

AB New N-heteroarylcarbonylalanines of the D-series were stereoselectively prepared by stereoselective conjugate addition of benzylamine to enolates derived from D-mannitol. These compds. were active in binding and functional assays of the NMDA sub-type of glutamate receptors. (2R)-3-(2-Pyridinylcarbonyl)alanine inhibited MK801 binding, protected neurons from excitotoxic damage and blocked NMDA-induced currents in neurons. (2R)-3-(2-Thienylcarbonyl)alanine pos. modulated the NMDA receptor, possibly through the allosteric glycine site. described.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:626166 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:296283

TITLE: Stereoselective synthesis and preliminary evaluation of new -3-heteroarylcarbonylalanines as ligands of the NMDA receptor

AUTHOR(S): Lima, Paulo G.; Caruso, Rodrigo R. B.; Alves, Simone O.; Pessoa, Renata F.; Mendonca-Silva, Dayde L.; Nunes, Ricardo J.; Noel, Francois; Castro, Newton G.; Costa, Paulo R. R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratorio de Quimica Bioorganica, Nucleo de Pesquisas de Produtos Naturais, Centro de Ciencias da Saude, Bloco J, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro, 21941-590, Brazil

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2004), 14(17), 4399-4403

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:296283

IT 764715-63-1P 764715-65-3P 764715-66-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(asym. synthesis of heteroarylcarbonylalanines via stereoselective conjugate addition of benzylamine to enolate prepared from mannitol as NMDA receptor ligands)

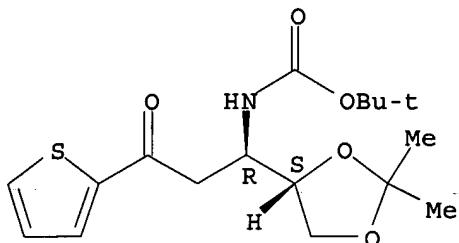
RN 764715-63-1 HCPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-[(4S)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl]-3-oxo-3-(2-thienyl)propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

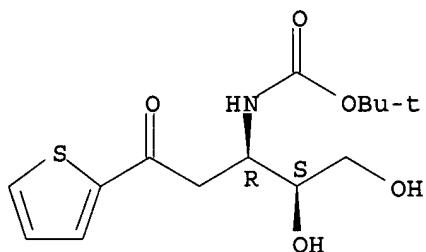
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 764715-65-3 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R,2S)-2,3-dihydroxy-1-[2-oxo-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

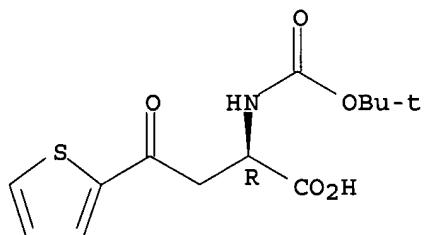
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 764715-66-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, α -[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]- γ -oxo-, (α R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 29 Jul 2004

AB 3-Methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone and its acid addition salts (e.g., the hydrochloride), which are useful as an intermediate in the production of the pharmaceutical (+)- (S) -N-methyl-3-(1-naphthoxy)-3-(2-thienyl)propylamine oxalate (i.e., Duloxetine oxalate), are prepared

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:605494 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:140312

TITLE: 3-Methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone preparation and its use as a pharmaceutical intermediate

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BASF Ag, Germany
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 4 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

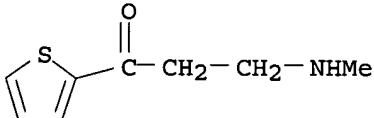
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 10302595	A1	20040729	DE 2003-10302595	20030122
CA 2513542	AA	20040805	CA 2004-2513542	20040115
WO 2004065376	A1	20040805	WO 2004-EP237	20040115
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ				
EP 1587802	A1	20051026	EP 2004-702333	20040115
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
CN 1742003	A	20060301	CN 2004-80002686	20040115
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 2003-10302595	A 20030122
			WO 2004-EP237	W 20040115

IT 645411-16-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(3-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone preparation and its use as a pharmaceutical intermediate)

RN 645411-16-1 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



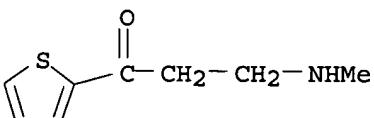
● HCl

IT 667465-15-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of)

RN 667465-15-8 HCPLUS

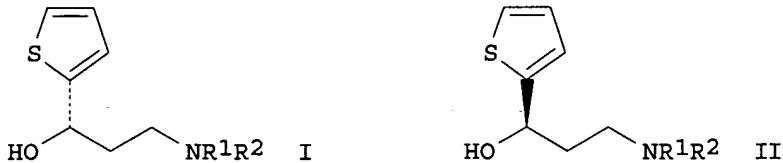
CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 15 Apr 2004
GI



AB Title compds. (I, II; R1, R2 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl), were prepared by reducing the corresponding 3-amino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanones using a hydrogen donor in the presence of a metal catalyst, an optically active N-containing ligand and optionally a base. Thus, 3-N-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone hydrochloride (preparation given) and NaOH were stirred 1 h in Me₂CHOH; a prestirred solution of (1S,2R)-cis-1-amino-2-indanol and (p-cymene)ruthenium(II)chloride dimer in Me₂CHOH was added followed by stirring for 4 h at 20° to give 39% (S)-N-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanol in 70% enantiomeric excess.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:308427 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:321232

TITLE: Preparation of optically active 3-amino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanols via reduction of 3-amino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanones using a hydrogen donor in the presence of a metal catalyst, an optically active nitrogen-containing ligand and optionally a base.

INVENTOR(S): Fuchs, Rudolf; Michel, Dominique; Brieden, Walter

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lonza A.-G., Switz.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004031168	A2	20040415	WO 2003-EP11073	20031007
WO 2004031168	A3	20040826		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 2003276066	A1	20040423	AU 2003-276066	20031007
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2002-22540	A 20021007
			WO 2003-EP11073	W 20031007

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:321232; MARPAT 140:321232

IT 645411-16-1P, 3-N-Methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone hydrochloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

Young, Shawquia

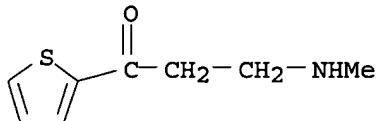
30/05/2006

(Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of optically active aminothienylpropanols via reduction of aminothienylpropanones using a hydrogen donor in the presence of a metal catalyst, an optically active N-containing ligand and a base)

RN 645411-16-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 08 Apr 2004

AB A process for the production of 3-heteroaryl-3-hydroxy-propionic acid derivs. by enantioselective microbial reduction is provided. Thus, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* was used to reduce methyl-3-oxo-3-(2-thiophenyl)propanoic acid to methyl-(3S)-hydroxy-3-(2-thiophenyl)propanoic acid with a yield of 75% and an enantiomeric excess >97%. The reaction product then served as a reactant in the chemical synthesis of (1S)-3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanol.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:286808 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:302436

TITLE: Process for the production of 3-heteroaryl-3-hydroxy-propionic acid derivatives by enantioselective microbial reduction

INVENTOR(S): Berendes, Frank; Eckert, Markus; Brinkmann, Nils; Dreisbach, Claus; Meissner, Ruth; Koch, Rainhard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bayer Chemicals A.-G., Germany

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1405917	A2	20040407	EP 2003-20847	20030913
EP 1405917	A3	20050112		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK			
DE 10244811	A1	20040408	DE 2002-10244811	20020926
US 2004181058	A1	20040916	US 2003-669424	20030924
JP 2004113245	A2	20040415	JP 2003-335690	20030926
CN 1497048	A	20040519	CN 2003-160307	20030926
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 2002-10244811	A 20020926

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:302436

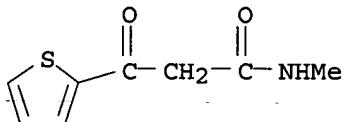
IT 603959-53-1

RL: BCP (Biochemical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (process for production of 3-heteroaryl-3-hydroxy-propionic acid derivs. by

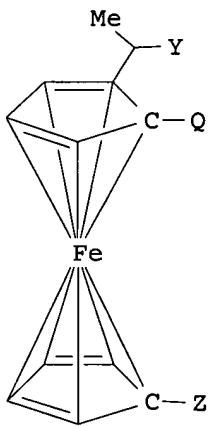
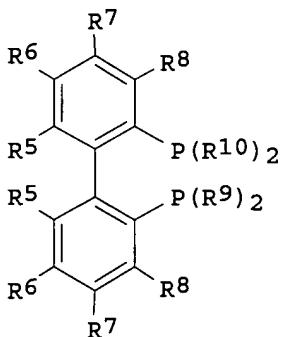
Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

enantioselective microbial reduction)
RN 603959-53-1 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Thiophenepropanamide, N-methyl-β-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 15 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 14 Mar 2004
GI



I

II

AB The invention relates to methods for the enantioselective production of amino alcs., $R_1CH(OH)CH_2(CH_2)_nNHR_2$ [R_1 = (un)substituted, (un)saturated or aromatic carbocycle or heterocycle (optionally substituted with R_3 , R_4); R_2 = H, C1-20-alkyl; R_3 , R_4 = H, C1-20-alkyl, C1-20-alkoxy, aryl, aryloxy, CO_2R_2 , F, Cl, Br, OH, $CN, NO_2, N(R_2)_2$, $NHCOR_2$; n = 0 - 3], via the enantioselective hydrogenation of amino ketones, $R_1COCH_2(CH_2)_nNHR_2$ and is characterized by hydrogenation in the presence of a non-racemic catalyst containing a chiral diphosphine ligand I [R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , R_8 = H, C1-20-alkyl, C1-20-alkoxy, aryl, aryloxy, F, Cl, Br, $N(R_2)_2$, $NHCOR_2$; R_5R_6 , R_6R_7 , R_7R_8 = $(CH_2)_4$, $CH:CHCH:CH$, etc.]; R_9 , R_{10} = $C_6H_4(R_{11})_m$, 2-furyl, cyclohexyl; R_{11} = H, C1-20-alkyl, C1-20-alkoxy, aryl, aryloxy, SO_3Na , COR_{12} , F, Cl, $N(R_{12})_2$, $NHCOR_{12}$; R_{12} = H, C1-20-alkyl; m = 0 - 3] or II [Q = PPh_2 , $P(cyclohexyl)_2$, $P[C_6H_3(CF_3)_2-3,5]$, $P(4\text{-methoxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl})_2$, $P(CMe_3)_2$; Y = OH, $P(cyclohexyl)_2$, $P(C_6H_3Me_2-3,5)_2$, $P(CMe_3)_2$; Z = H, PPh_2 ; Ph = unsubstituted Ph, C_6H_4Me-2 , C_6H_4Me-3 , C_6H_4Me-4 , $C_6H_3Me_2$]. Thus, (S)-N-methyl-3-hydroxy-3-(2-thienyl)propanamine was prepared with 92.8% e.e. from 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone via asym. hydrogenation in $MeOH/PhMe$ containing catalytic bis(1,5-cyclooctadiene)dirhodium(I) dichloride and (S)-(-)-2,2'-bis[di(p-tolyl)phosphine]-1,1'-binaphthyl.

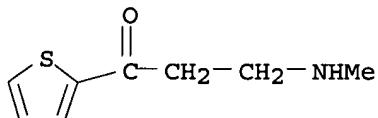
Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:203795 HCPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:253262
TITLE: Method for the preparation amino alcohols via the enantioselective hydrogenation of amino ketones
INVENTOR(S): Kralik, Joachim; Fabian, Kai; Muermann, Christoph; Schweickert, Norbert
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004020389	A1	20040311	WO 2003-EP8513	20030801
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2496883	AA	20040311	CA 2003-2496883	20030801
AU 2003260347	A1	20040319	AU 2003-260347	20030801
EP 1532100	A1	20050525	EP 2003-790842	20030801
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
BR 2003013795	A	20050712	BR 2003-13795	20030801
CN 1678562	A	20051005	CN 2003-820304	20030801
JP 2005536556	T2	20051202	JP 2004-531845	20030801
US 2005261514	A1	20051124	US 2005-525821	20050225
ZA 2005002458	A	20051010	ZA 2005-2458	20050324
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 2002-10240025	A 20020827
			WO 2003-EP8513	W 20030801

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:253262; MARPAT 140:253262
IT 667465-15-8, 3-(Methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(enantioselective hydrogenation of; preparation amino alcs. via the enantioselective hydrogenation of amino ketones with chiral diphosphine ligands)
RN 667465-15-8 HCPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 16 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

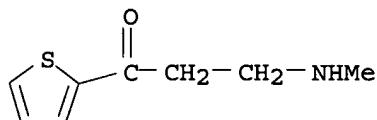
Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

ED Entered STN: 11 Mar 2004
AB R1COCH2CH2NHR2 [R1 = (substituted) (unsatd.) residue, aromatic heterocycll; R2 = alkyl], were prepared by reaction of R1COCH2CH2NR2CH2CH2COR1 (variables as above) with R2NH2.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:198214 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:235592
TITLE: Process for the preparation of monoalkylaminoethyl aryl ketones from bis(arylcarbonylethyl)alkylamines.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 7 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 10240026	A1	20040311	DE 2002-10240026	20020827
CA 2497028	AA	20040311	CA 2003-2497028	20030801
WO 2004020391	A1	20040311	WO 2003-EP8514	20030801
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2003260348	A1	20040319	AU 2003-260348	20030801
EP 1532101	A1	20050525	EP 2003-790843	20030801
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
BR 2003013796	A	20050927	BR 2003-13796	20030801
CN 1678564	A	20051005	CN 2003-820305	20030801
JP 2005536557	T2	20051202	JP 2004-531846	20030801
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 2002-10240026	A 20020827
			WO 2003-EP8514	W 20030801

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:235592; MARPAT 140:235592
IT 667465-15-8P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of monoalkylaminoethyl aryl ketones from bis(arylcarbonylethyl)alkylamines)
RN 667465-15-8 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

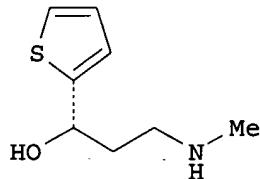


L4 ANSWER 17 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 18 Jan 2004

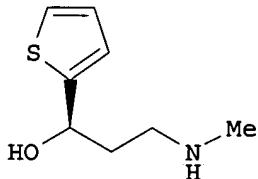
Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

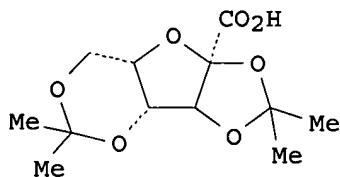
GI



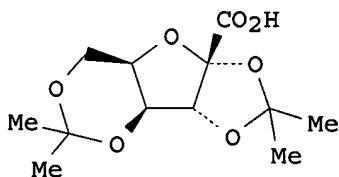
I



II



III



IV

AB Enantiomerically enriched (S)-(-)-3-N-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanol (I) or (R)-(+)-3-N-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanol (II) or mirror image are prepared by (i) treating an enantiomeric mixture of the amines I and II with (-)-2,3:4,6-di-O-isopropylidene-2-keto-L-gulonic acid (III) or (+)-2,3:4,6-di-O-isopropylidene-2-keto-D-gulonic acid (IV), (ii) crystallizing the obtained diastereomerically enriched salts from the reaction mixture obtained in step (i), (iii) optionally recrystg. said diastereomerically enriched salts I.III or II.IV, and (iv) treating the diastereomerically enriched salts II.III or II.IV obtained in step (ii) or step (iii) with a base to liberate the enantiomerically enriched amines I or II.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:41488 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:93915

TITLE: Process for the preparation of optically active 3-N-methylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanol

INVENTOR(S): Michel, Dominique

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lonza A.-G., Switz.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

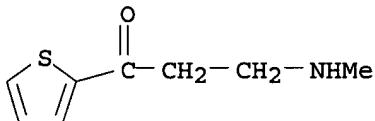
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004005307	A1	20040115	WO 2003-EP7312	20030708
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2003253036	A1	20040123	AU 2003-253036	20030708
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2002-15161	A 20020709
			WO 2003-EP7312	W 20030708

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:93915; MARPAT 140:93915
IT 645411-16-1P, 3-(N-Methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanone hydrochloride
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(intermediate; preparation of optically active N-methylamino(thienyl)propanol by optical resolution via formation of diastereomer salts with 2,3:4,6-di-O-isopropylidene-2-ketogulonic acid)
RN 645411-16-1 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 18 Jan 2004

AB The invention relates to a process for the synthesis of N-monosubstituted β -amino alcs. of formula HOCH(R1)CH2CH2NHR2 and/or an addition salt of a proton acid (wherein R1 and R2 independently represent alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or aralkyl, each being optionally further substituted with alkyl, alkoxy and/or halogen) via direct preparation of N-monosubstituted β -amino ketones of R1COCH2CH2NHR2 and its addition salts of proton acids (wherein R1 and R2 are as defined above). Thus, 2-acetylthiophene 25.5, methylamine hydrochloride 14.9, paraformaldehyde 8.2, concentrated HCl 1.0 g, 100 mL ethanol

were heated in an autoclave at 110° and a total pressure of 2-2.5 bar for 9 h, followed by removing 50 mL ethanol in vacuo and addition of 200 mL Et acetate under vigorous stirring, and filtration to give 71% 3-(methylamino)-1-(thiophen-2-yl)propan-1-one hydrochloride (I). To a mixture of 10.3 g I and 35 mL ethanol at 4° sodium hydroxide (4.0 g of a 50% aqueous solution) was added in about 5 min and afterwards, 0.95 g neat sodium borohydride in several portions in about 30 min. The resulting suspension was stirred for 4 h at the same temperature, treated dropwise with 10.0 mL acetone in 5 min, stirred for 10 addnl. minutes, treated with 20 mL H2O, concentrated about 5 times under vacuum, and extracted with tert-Bu Me ether

(2 x 20 mL). The collected organic phases were finally concentrated under vacuum

affording an orange oil which crystallized spontaneously after a few hours to give 3-(methylamino)-1-(thiophen-2-yl)propan-1-ol as an orange solid (7.2 g, 84 % yield).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:41430 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:93914

TITLE: Process for the preparation of N-monosubstituted β -amino alcohols

INVENTOR(S): Michel, Dominique

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lonza A.-G., Switz.

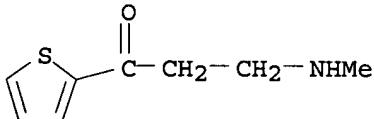
Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004005239	A1	20040115	WO 2003-EP7411	20030709
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2491472	AA	20040115	CA 2003-2491472	20030709
AU 2003250924	A1	20040123	AU 2003-250924	20030709
BR 2003012651	A	20050426	BR 2003-12651	20030709
EP 1539673	A1	20050615	EP 2003-762669	20030709
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
CN 1665773	A	20050907	CN 2003-816223	20030709
JP 2005532383	T2	20051027	JP 2004-518758	20030709
NO 2005000079	A	20050311	NO 2005-79	20050106
US 2005256318	A1	20051117	US 2005-520362	20050418
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2002-15229	A 20020709
			WO 2003-EP7411	W 20030709

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:93914; MARPAT 140:93914
IT 645411-16-1P, 3-(Methylamino)-1-(thiophen-2-yl)propan-1-one hydrochloride 645411-17-2P, 3-(Ethylamino)-1-(thiophen-2-yl)propan-1-one hydrochloride 645411-18-3P, 3-(Isobutylamino)-1-(thiophen-2-yl)propan-1-one hydrochloride 645411-19-4P, 3-(tert-Butylamino)-1-(thiophen-2-yl)propan-1-one hydrochloride
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(intermediate; process for preparation of N-monosubstituted β -amino alcs. by reduction of N-monosubstituted β -amino ketones)
RN 645411-16-1 HCPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



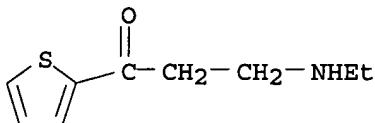
● HCl

RN 645411-17-2 HCPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-(ethylamino)-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX)

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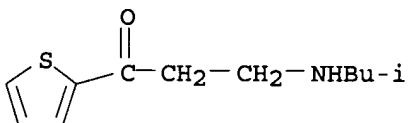
NAME)



● HCl

RN 645411-18-3 HCPLUS

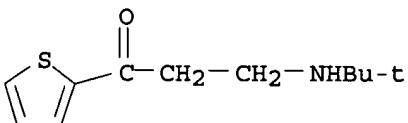
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-methylpropyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 645411-19-4 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 19 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 22 Dec 2003

AB The reactions of (S)-N-trifluoroacetyl-5-bromo-4-oxonorvaline Me ester
with vicinal mercaptonitriles afforded δ -hetaryl-N-trifluoroacetyl-
substituted α -amino acids (hetaryl is thiazol-2-yl, 2-thienyl, or
thieno[2,3-b]pyridin-6-yl).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:994927 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:287674

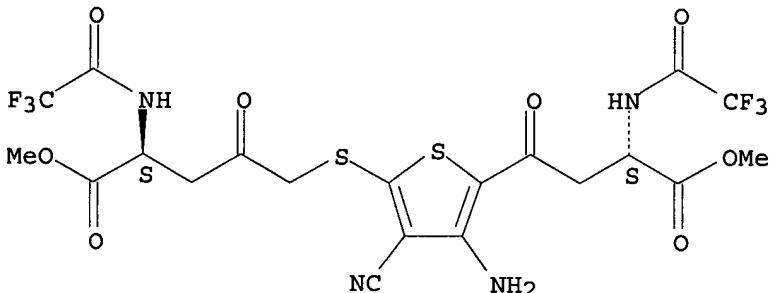
TITLE: Reactions of (S)-N-trifluoroacetyl-5-bromo-4-
oxonorvaline methyl ester with vicinal
mercaptonitriles. Synthesis of δ -hetaryl-

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30/05/2006

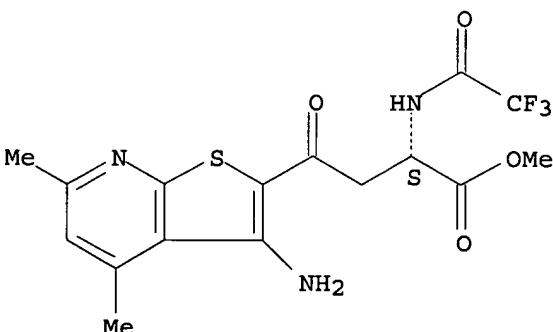
AUTHOR(S): substituted α -amino acids
Fedorov, A. E.; Shestopalov, A. M.; Belyakov, P. A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: N. D. Zelinsky Institute of Organic Chemistry, Russian
Academy of Sciences, Moscow, 119991, Russia
SOURCE: Russian Chemical Bulletin (Translation of Izvestiya
Akademii Nauk, Seriya Khimicheskaya) (2003), 52(9),
2063-2069
CODEN: RCBUEY; ISSN: 1066-5285
PUBLISHER: Kluwer Academic/Consultants Bureau
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:287674
IT 676165-42-7P 676165-48-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis of δ -heteroaryl α -amino acids from
trifluoroacetyl bromooxonorvaline and vicinal mercaptonitriles)
RN 676165-42-7 HCPLUS
CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, 3-amino-4-cyano-5-[[[(4S)-5-methoxy-2,5-dioxo-4-
[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]pentyl]thio]- γ -oxo- α -
[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 676165-48-3 HCPLUS
CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino-4,6-dimethyl- γ -oxo- α -
[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 676165-43-8P 676165-44-9P 676165-45-0P

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30/05/2006

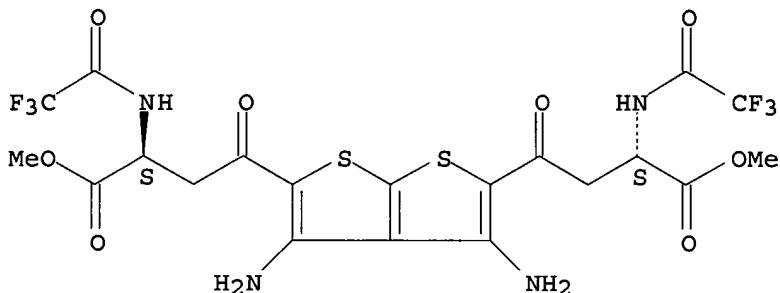
676165-49-4P 676165-50-7P 676165-57-4P
676165-58-5P 676165-59-6P 676165-60-9P
676165-61-0P 676165-62-1P 676165-63-2P
676165-64-3P 676165-65-4P 676165-66-5P
676165-67-6P 676165-68-7P 676165-69-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(synthesis of δ -heteroaryl α -amino acids from
trifluoroacetyl bromooxonorvaline and vicinal mercaptonitriles)

RN 676165-43-8 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]thiophene-2,5-dibutanoic acid, 3,4-diamino- γ,γ' -
dioxo- α,α' -bis[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, dimethyl ester,
(α S, α 'S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

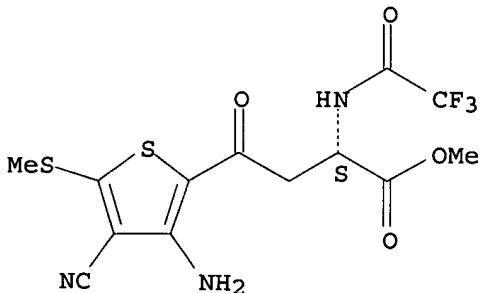
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 676165-44-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, 3-amino-4-cyano-5-(methylthio)- γ -oxo-
 α -[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



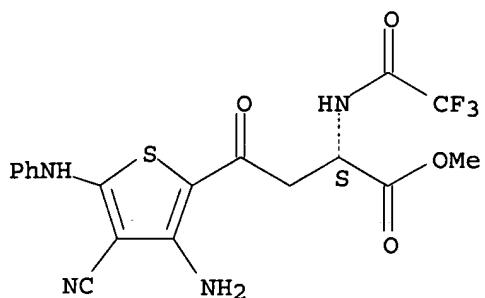
RN 676165-45-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, 3-amino-4-cyano- γ -oxo-5-(phenylamino)-
 α -[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

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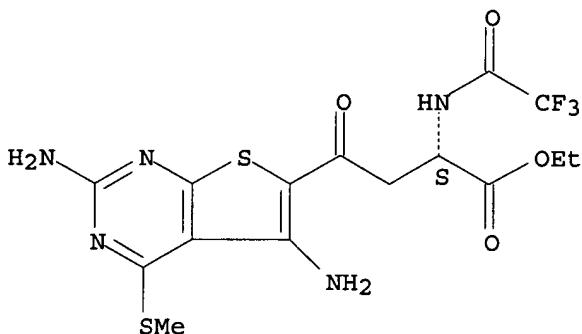
30/05/2006



RN 676165-49-4 HCPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6-butanoic acid, 2,5-diamino-4-(methylthio)-
gamma-oxo-alpha-[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, ethyl ester, (alpha S)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

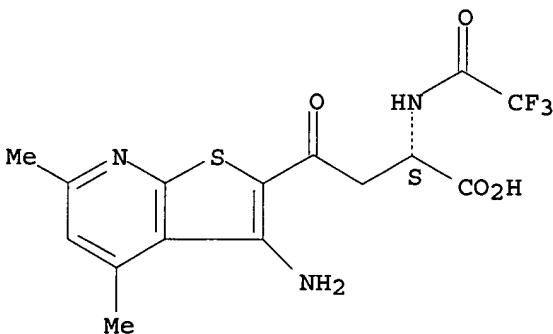
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 676165-50-7 HCPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino-4,6-dimethyl-gamma-oxo-
alpha-[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, (alpha S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



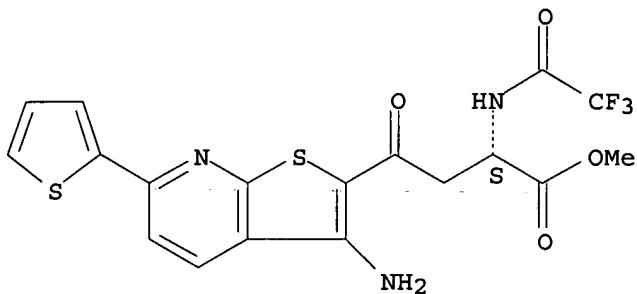
RN 676165-57-4 HCPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino-gamma-oxo-6-(2-thienyl)-
alpha-[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (alpha S)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

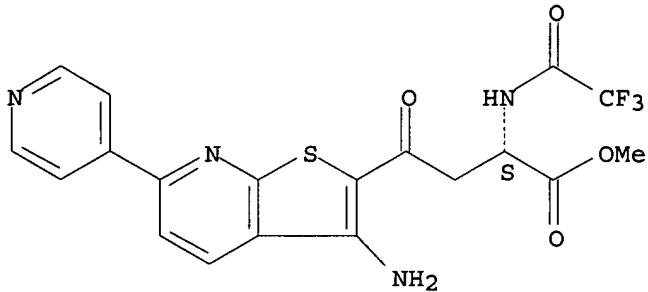
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 676165-58-5 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino- γ -oxo-6-(4-pyridinyl)- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

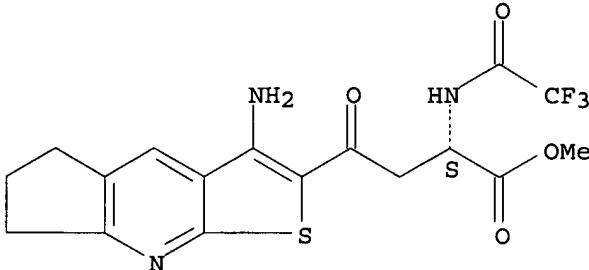
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 676165-59-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5H-Cyclopenta[b]thieno[3,2-e]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino-6,7-dihydro- γ -oxo- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



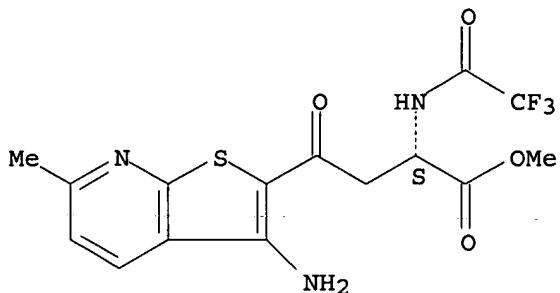
RN 676165-60-9 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino-6-methyl- γ -oxo- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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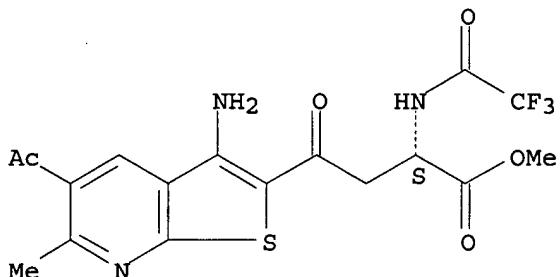
30/05/2006



RN 676165-61-0 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 5-acetyl-3-amino-6-methyl- γ -oxo- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)aminol]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

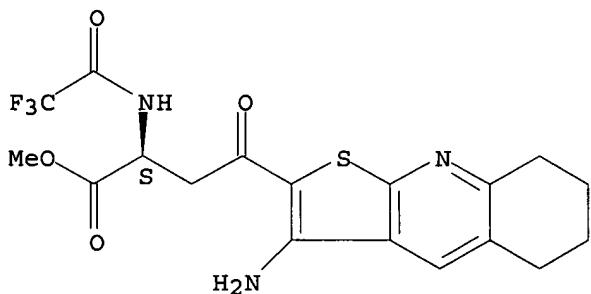
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 676165-62-1 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]quinoline-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- γ -oxo- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)aminol]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



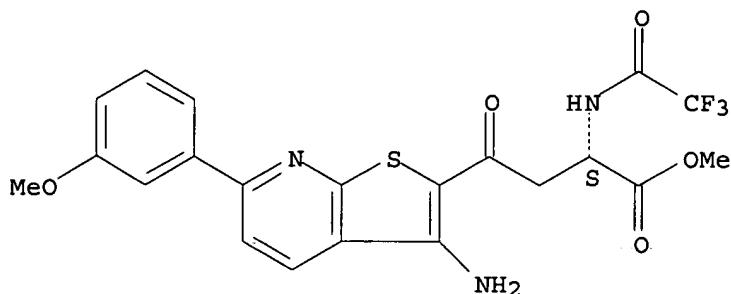
RN 676165-63-2 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino-6-(3-methoxyphenyl)- γ -oxo- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)aminol]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Young, Shawquia

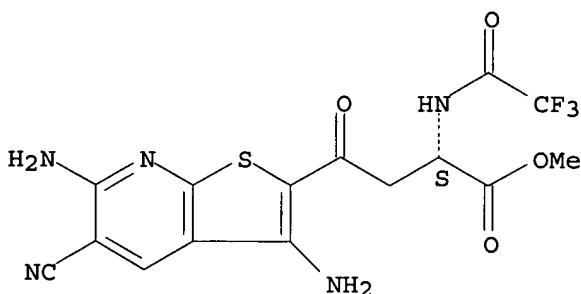
30/05/2006



RN 676165-64-3 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3,6-diamino-5-cyano- γ -oxo- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

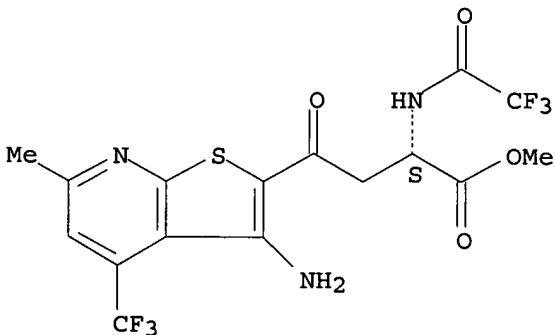
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 676165-65-4 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino-6-methyl- γ -oxo- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



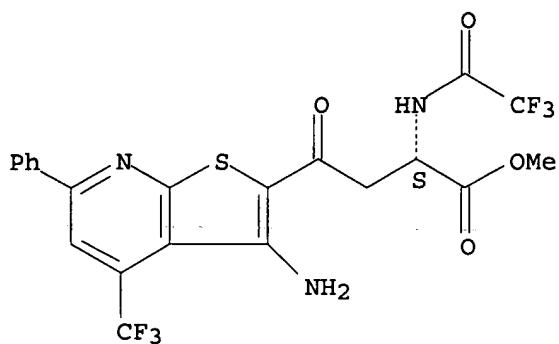
RN 676165-66-5 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino- γ -oxo-6-phenyl- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-4-(trifluoromethyl)-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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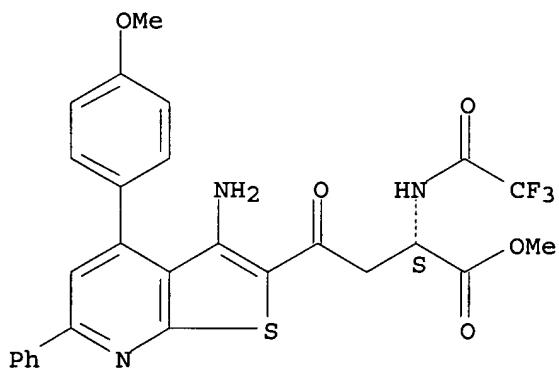
30/05/2006



RN 676165-67-6 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)- γ -oxo-6-phenyl- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

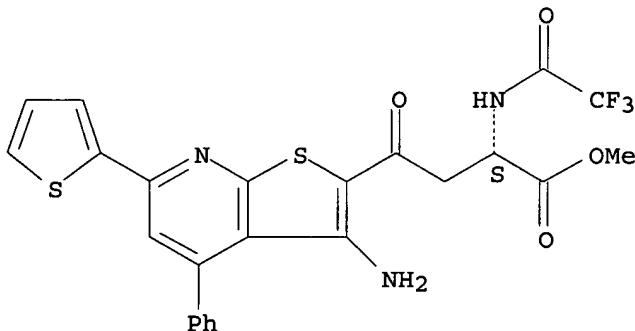
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 676165-68-7 HCAPLUS

CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino- γ -oxo-4-phenyl-6-(2-thienyl)- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester, (α S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 676165-69-8 HCAPLUS

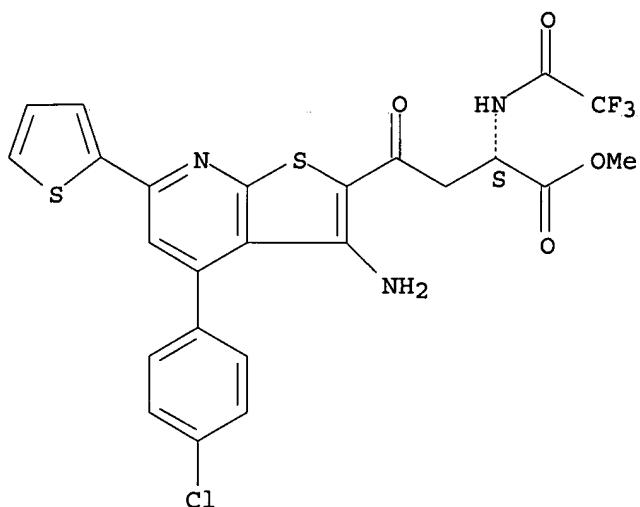
CN Thieno[2,3-b]pyridine-2-butanoic acid, 3-amino-4-(4-chlorophenyl)- γ -

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

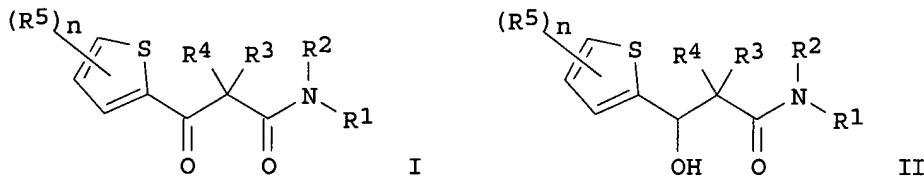
oxo-6-(2-thienyl)- α -[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-, methyl ester,
(α S) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 20 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 26 Sep 2003
GI



AB This invention pertains to a method for producing 3-oxo-3-(2-thienyl)propionamides with general formula of I [wherein R1 and R2 = independently H, alkyl, aryl, or aralkyl; R3 and R4 = independently H or alkyl; or R3 and R4 together form a ring with the nitrogen atom attached; R5 = halo, NO₂, OH, (un)substituted alkyl, aryl, or alkoxy; n = 0-3] and a process for industrially producing optically active 3-amino-1-(2-thienyl)-1-propanol derivs. with general formula of II at low cost from the propionamides in high yields with high optical purity. The process comprises subjecting a β -ketocarbonyl compound having a thiophene ring to asym. reduction either in the presence of a catalyst comprising a compound of a Group 8 or 9 metal of the Periodic Table (e.g., ruthenium compound) and an asym. ligand (e.g., diphenylethylenediamine derivative) or using cells of a microorganism. Thus, 2-acetylthiophene was treated with NaH in THF, followed by the addition of di-Et carbonate to give 3-oxo-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid Et ester (74%). The ester was treated with HCO₂H in DMF in the presence of SS-TsDPEN and Et₃N to provide (S)-3-hydroxy-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid Et ester (94%) with 97.5% e.e.

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The chiral ester was treated with MeNH₂ in MeOH to afford
(S)-3-hydroxy-N-methyl-3-(2-thienyl)propionamide (93%) with 99% e.e.

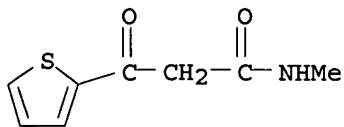
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:757695 HCPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:261165
TITLE: Process for preparation of 3-hydroxy-3-(2-thienyl)propionamide derivatives
INVENTOR(S): Takehara, Jun; Qu, Jingping; Kanno, Kazuaki; Kawabata, Hiroshi; Dekishima, Yasumasa; Ueda, Makoto; Endo, Kyoko; Murakami, Takeshi; Sasaki, Tomoko; Uehara, Hisatoshi; Matsumoto, Youichi; Suzuki, Shihomi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation, Japan
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 102 pp.
CODEN: PIIXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003078418	A1	20030925	WO 2003-JP3170	20030317
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
JP 2003335732	A2	20031128	JP 2002-141145	20020516
JP 2004067559	A2	20040304	JP 2002-227401	20020805
JP 2004067560	A2	20040304	JP 2002-227402	20020805
JP 2004067577	A2	20040304	JP 2002-228495	20020806
JP 2003342275	A2	20031203	JP 2002-317857	20021031
AU 2003221028	A1	20030929	AU 2003-221028	20030317
EP 1486493	A1	20041215	EP 2003-712723	20030317
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
JP 2004155756	A2	20040603	JP 2003-102914	20030407
US 2005107621	A1	20050519	US 2004-944055	20040920
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
		JP 2002-76168	A	20020319
		JP 2002-129140	A	20020430
		JP 2002-141145	A	20020516
		JP 2002-227401	A	20020805
		JP 2002-227402	A	20020805
		JP 2002-228495	A	20020806
		JP 2002-267617	A	20020913
		JP 2002-317857	A	20021031
		WO 2003-JP3170	W	20030317

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:261165
IT 603959-53-1P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of hydroxy(thienyl)propionamide derivs.)
RN 603959-53-1 HCPLUS
CN 2-Thiophenepropanamide, N-methyl-β-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

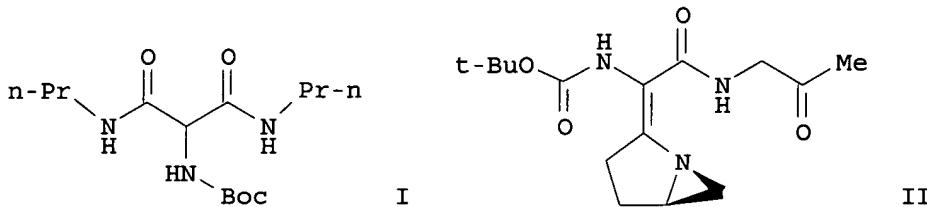
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REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

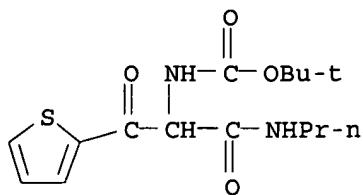
L4 ANSWER 21 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 06 Dec 2002
GI



AB Condensation of acid chlorides (alkyl, aryl or heteroaryl) with *N,N'*-dialkyl α -acylamino malonamides in the presence of magnesium ethoxide provides a direct route to α -acylamino- β -keto amides, e.g. I, in moderate to good yields (46-95%). Using this method, a concise route to an enantiomerically enriched 1-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane II containing most of the elements of the right-hand' domain of azinomycin A has been developed.

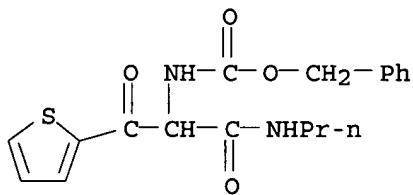
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:924950 HCPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:204852
TITLE: Concise route to α -acylamino- β -keto amides: application to the synthesis of a simplified azinomycin A analogue
AUTHOR(S): Goujon, Jean-Yves; Shipman, Michael
CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Chemistry, University of Exeter, Exeter, EX4 4QD, UK
SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2002), 43(52), 9573-9576
CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:204852
IT 500109-23-9P 500109-26-2P 500109-29-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of α -acylamino- β -keto amides and a simplified azinomycin A analog)
RN 500109-23-9 HCPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [2-oxo-1-[(propylamino)carbonyl]-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

30/05/2006



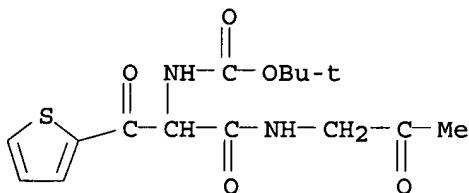
RN 500109-26-2 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [2-oxo-1-[(propylamino)carbonyl]-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 500109-29-5 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [2-oxo-1-[(2-oxopropyl)amino]carbonyl]-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 22 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 09 May 2001

AB 2-Lithiothiophene and 2-lithiopyridine were allowed to react with N-substituted β -amino esters RR1NCHRCO2Me [R = H, CH2Ph; R1 = H, BOC; R2 = H, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl]. Only β -amino aryl ketones were obtained from N-BOC-N-H derivs., while aryl enoates were formed (retro-conjugate addition) from those substrates bearing N-Bn, N-H substituents, despite the aryllithium used. When the nitrogen is disubstituted (BOC and Bn), the product distribution depended on the nucleophile, leading to tertiary alcs. for 2-lithiothiophene or ketones for 2-lithiopyridine. Tertiary alcs. were also formed when PhLi was used as a nucleophile.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:330712 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:137374

TITLE: Synthesis of β -amino aryl ketones through the addition of ArLi derivatives to β -amino esters

AUTHOR(S): Lima, P. G.; Sequeira, L. C.; Costa, P. R. R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Nucleo de Pesquisas de Produtos Naturais, Laboratorio de Quimica Bioorganica (LQB), Universidade Federal do

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

Rio de Janeiro (UFRJ), Rio de Janeiro, 21941-590,
Brazil

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2001), 42 (21), 3525-3527
CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

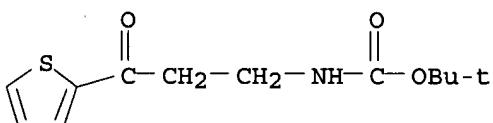
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:137374

IT 351901-55-8P 351901-56-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(synthesis of β -amino aryl ketones through the addition of
aryllithium derivs. to β -amino esters)

RN 351901-55-8 HCAPLUS

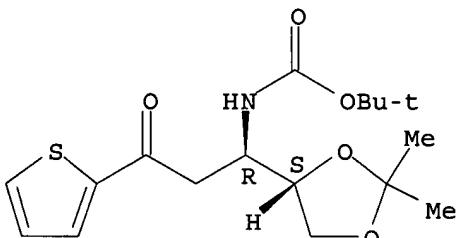
CN Carbamic acid, [3-oxo-3-(2-thienyl)propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 351901-56-9 HCAPLUS

CN threo-Pentose, 2,3-dideoxy-3-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-4,5-O-(1-methylethylidene)-1-C-2-thienyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 13 Jul 2000

AB A highly stereoselective reduction of γ -oxo- α -amino acids by sodium borohydride in the presence of a catalytic amount of manganese(II) chloride gives syn- γ -hydroxy- α -amino acids. Enantiomerically pure syn-(2S,4R,1'S)-4-aryl-4-hydroxy-2-(1'-phenylethylamino)butanoic acids form stable gels in methanol.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:471573 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:238268

TITLE: Stereoselective sodium borohydride reduction,
catalyzed by manganese(II) chloride, of
 γ -oxo- α -amino acids. A practical approach
to syn- γ -hydroxy- α -amino acids

AUTHOR(S): Berkes, Dusan; Kolarovic, Andrej; Povazanec, Frantisek

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic Chemistry, Slovak Technical
University, Bratislava, SK-812 37, Slovakia

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

SOURCE:

Tetrahedron Letters (2000), 41(27), 5257-5260

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 133:238268

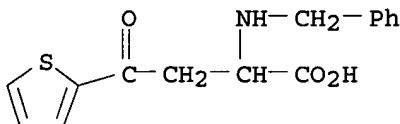
IT 204910-46-3P 293309-47-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of syn- γ -hydroxy- α -amino acids by stereoselective sodium borohydride reduction of γ -oxo- α -amino acids catalyzed by manganese(II) chloride)

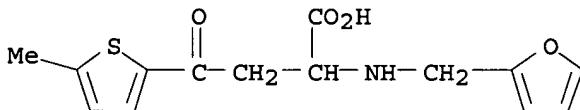
RN 204910-46-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, γ -oxo- α -[(phenylmethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 293309-47-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, α -[(2-furanylmethyl)amino]-5-methyl- γ -oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 24 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 19 Jan 1999

AB Several N-protected 4-aryl-2-aminobutanoic and 5-aryl-2-aminopentanoic acids were prepared in good yields by reduction of the corresponding aromatic or

heteroarom. ketones [e.g., p-ClC6H4CO(CH2)nCH(NHCO2Me)CO2H (n = 1 or 2)] with Et3SiH or PhMe2SiH in the presence of TiCl4, resp. The reduction proceeded without racemization and was successfully applied to the synthesis of optically active γ - and δ -aryl substituted amino acids (R)- or (S)-p-ClC6H4CH2(CH2)nCH(NH2)CO2H.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:32687 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:153943

TITLE: New silane reduction of aromatic ketones mediated by titanium tetrachloride: A synthesis of γ - and δ -aryl substituted amino acids

AUTHOR(S): Yato, Michihisa; Homma, Koichi; Ishida, Akihiko

CORPORATE SOURCE: Medicinal Chemistry Research Laboratory, Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Toda, Saitama, 335, Japan

SOURCE: Heterocycles (1998), 49, 233-254

CODEN: HTCYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414

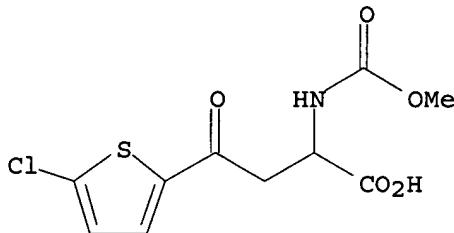
PUBLISHER: Japan Institute of Heterocyclic Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

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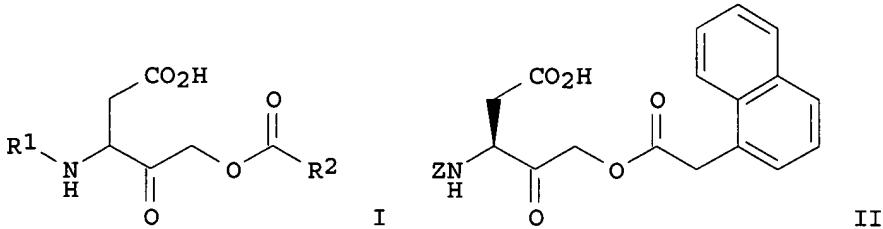
30/05/2006

LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 130:153943
IT 166764-45-0P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis of aryl amino acids by silane reduction of aromatic ketones mediated by titanium tetrachloride)
RN 166764-45-0 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, 5-chloro- α -[(methoxycarbonyl)amino]- γ -oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 25 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 02 May 1998
GI



AB The present invention relates to compds. I [R1 = carboxy, acyl, amino acid residue, etc.; R2 = (CR2)n-X-R3; each R = independently H, C1-6 alkyl, OH; R3 = (un)substituted aryl, (un)substituted heteroaryl, (un)substituted heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, etc; X = bond, O, S; n = 0-3; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, amides, and prodrugs thereof] as inhibitors of interleukin-1 β converting enzyme (ICE). This invention also relates to a method of treatment of stroke, inflammatory diseases, reperfusion injury, Alzheimer's disease, and shigellosis, and to a pharmaceutically acceptable composition that contains a compound that is an inhibitor of interleukin-1 β converting enzyme. Thus, substitution of Z-Asp(OCMe3)-CH2Br (Z = PhCH2O2C) with 1-naphthylacetic acid, followed by acidic deprotection, gave desired aspartate ester derivative II. II inhibited ICE with Ki = 0.460 μ M and IC50 = 3.100 μ M, and inhibited Ich-2 (caspase-4) with IC50 = 3.60 μ M, as determined using in vitro assays. Related prepared compds. I (196 examples) were also tested for ICE inhibition (Ki values of 0.00008 to 76 μ M and IC50 values of 0.0013 to

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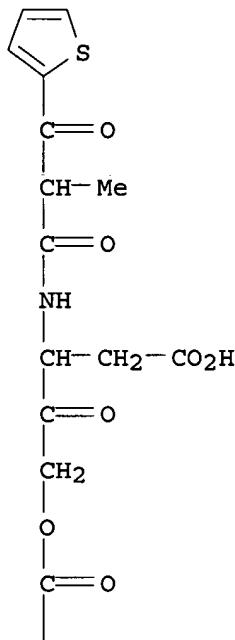
32 μ M), and Ich-2 inhibition (IC50 = 0.021 to 76 μ M).
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:251152 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:321926
TITLE: Preparation of aspartate ester inhibitors of interleukin-1 β converting enzyme
INVENTOR(S): Albrecht, Hans P.; Allen, Hamish John; Brady, Kenneth Dale; Caprathe, Bradley William; Gilmore, John Lodge; Harter, William Glen; Hays, Sheryl Jeanne; Kostlan, Catherine Rose; Lunney, Elizabeth Ann; Para, Kimberly Suzanne; et al.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Warner-Lambert Company, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 179 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9816502	A1	19980423	WO 1997-US18514	19971009
W: AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2268098	AA	19980423	CA 1997-2268098	19971009
AU 9749023	A1	19980511	AU 1997-49023	19971009
AU 738341	B2	20010913		
EP 932598	A1	19990804	EP 1997-911715	19971009
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
BR 9712530	A	19991019	BR 1997-12530	19971009
JP 2001506974	T2	20010529	JP 1998-518519	19971009
NO 9901677	A	19990609	NO 1999-1677	19990409
KR 2000049048	A	20000725	KR 1999-703117	19990410
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-28322P	P 19961011
			WO 1997-US18514	W 19971009

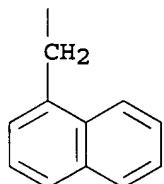
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:321926
IT 206863-61-8P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of aspartate ester inhibitors of interleukin-1 β converting enzyme)
RN 206863-61-8 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthaleneacetic acid, 4-carboxy-3-[(2-methyl-1,3-dioxo-3-(2-thienyl)propyl]amino]-2-oxobutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 16 Apr 1998

AB β -Thienoylelacrylic acid was prepared and then allowed to react with hydrazines, semicarbazide, thiosemicarbazide, primary amines, hydroxylamine, hydrochloride, cyanoacetamide, aromatic hydrocarbons, and/or hydrogen peroxide. Some of the obtained compds. showed interesting antibacterial and antifungal activities in vitro.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:213733 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:243902

TITLE: Some cyclization reactions with β -thienoylelacrylic acid as possible antimicrobial agents

AUTHOR(S): Salman, Asmaa Said Salem

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science, Girls Branch, Al-Azhar University, Nasr, Egypt

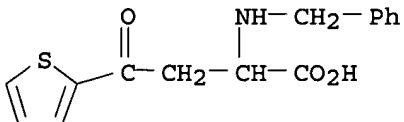
SOURCE: Al-Azhar Bulletin of Science (1996), 7(2), 1179-1189

CODEN: ABSCE7; ISSN: 1110-2535

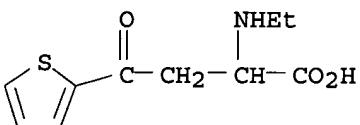
Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

PUBLISHER: Al-Azhar University, Faculty of Science
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 204910-46-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and antibacterial and antifungal activities of thienoylacrylic acid derivs.)
RN 204910-46-3 HCPLUS
CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, γ -oxo- α -[(phenylmethyl)amino]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



IT 204910-36-1P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and antibacterial and antifungal activities of thienoylacrylic acid derivs.)
RN 204910-36-1 HCPLUS
CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, α -(ethylamino)- γ -oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



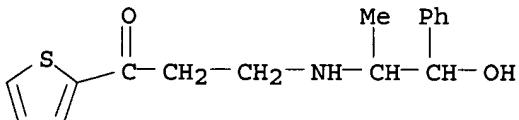
REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 27 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 17 Aug 1996
AB Thiofedrine inhibited rat platelet aggregation and intraplatelet thromboxane B2 (TxB2) generation induced by arachidonic acid. The IC50 values were 0.18 and 0.21 mmol/l, resp. Thiofedrine, 1.25-5.00 mg/kg i.v., showed a significant inhibition of rat platelet aggregation and intraplatelet TxB2 generation induced by arachidonic acid, with ID50 values of 2.4 and 3.3 mg/kg. Thiofedrine, 0.5-2.0 mg/kg i.v., reduced TxB2 generation but increased 6-keto-PGF1 α formation in rat plasma.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:491939 HCPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:212183
TITLE: Effects of thiofedrine on platelet aggregation, thromboxane B2 and 6-keto-PGF1 α in rats
AUTHOR(S): Qu, Yun-Zhi; Wang, Yue-E.; Li, Xi-Xian
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department Pharmacology, Inner Mongolia Medical College, Huhhot, Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE: Methods and Findings in Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology (1996), 18(5), 297-300
CODEN: MFEPPDX; ISSN: 0379-0355
PUBLISHER: Prous
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

LANGUAGE: English
IT 28745-69-9, 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-hydrochloride
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(effects of thiofedrine on platelet aggregation, thromboxane B2 and 6-keto-PGF_{1α} in rats)
RN 28745-69-9 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

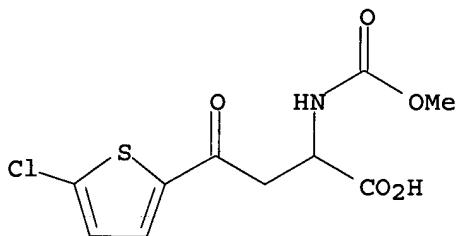


● HCl

L4 ANSWER 28 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 16 Feb 1995
AB N-protected 2-aminobutanoic acids RCH₂CH₂CH(NHCO₂Me)CO₂H (R = p-ClC₆H₄, Ph, p-anisyl, 5-chloro-2-thienyl, 2,5-dichloro-3-thienyl) were prepared in good yields by reduction of ketones RCOCH₂CH(NHCO₂Me)CO₂H with Et₃SiH in the presence of TiCl₄. The reduction proceeded without racemization and was successfully applied to the synthesis of (R)- and (S)-p-ClC₆H₄CH₂CH₂CH(NH₂)CO₂H.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:357581 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:143273
TITLE: Reduction of aromatic ketones into methylenes using triethylsilane and titanium tetrachloride. Synthesis of 2-aminobutanoic acids
AUTHOR(S): Yato, Michihisa; Homma, Koichi; Ishida, Akihiko
CORPORATE SOURCE: Org. Chem. Res. Lab., Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Saitama, 335, Japan
SOURCE: Heterocycles (1995), 41(1), 17-20
CODEN: HTCYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414
PUBLISHER: Japan Institute of Heterocyclic Chemistry
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:143273
IT 166764-45-0
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis of aryl-substituted aminobutanoic acids by reduction of oxo derivs. with triethylsilane and titanium tetrachloride)
RN 166764-45-0 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, 5-chloro-α-[(methoxycarbonyl)amino]-γ-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006



L4 ANSWER 29 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 24 Dec 1994

AB Platelet aggregation and cAMP production were studied by turbidimetry and competitive protein binding assay, resp., in rats. Thiofedrine (Thi) significantly inhibited ADP-induced and thrombin-induced platelet aggregation in vitro, with IC₅₀ values of 0.56 and 0.16 mmol/L, resp. In vivo, Thi 1.25-5.0 mg/kg i.v. significantly inhibited ADP-induced platelet aggregation at rate of 17.1-40.3%. Thi caused a dose-dependent increase in cAMP levels in rat washed platelets. Malondialdehyde (MDA) levels in rat platelets were measured by colormetry. Thi had an inhibitory effect on thrombin-induced platelet MDA production. The results suggest that the antiaggregatory action of Thi may be related to metabolism of arachidonic acid (AA) and elevation of cAMP levels.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:692291 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:292291

TITLE: Influence of thiofedrine on platelet aggregation, intraplatelet cyclic AMP and malondialdehyde in rats

AUTHOR(S): Qu, Yun-Zhi; Li, Xi-Xian

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharmacol., Inner Mongolia Medical College, Huhehot, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Methods and Findings in Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology (1994), 16(4), 253-6

CODEN: MFEPPDX; ISSN: 0379-0355

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

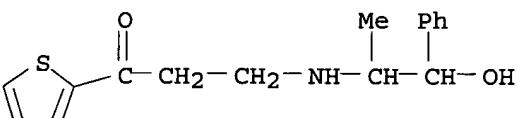
LANGUAGE: English

IT 28745-68-8

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(platelet aggregation inhibitor)

RN 28745-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 30 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 26 Nov 1994

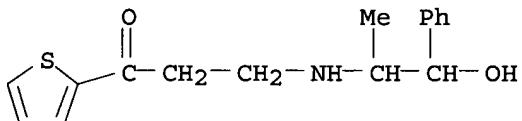
AB Thiofedrine inhibited platelet aggregation and thrombosis in vitro and in vivo in rats. Thiofedrine may be useful for treatment of coronary heart disease.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:645672 HCAPLUS

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:245672
TITLE: Effects of thiofedrine on thrombosis in rats
AUTHOR(S): Qu, Yunzhi; Li, Daping; Pan, Jie; Li, Xixian; Zhang, Wenxing
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharmacology, Innex Mongolia Med. Coll., Huhhot, 010059, Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE: Zhongguo Yiyao Gongye Zazhi (1994), 25(4), 170-2
CODEN: ZYGZEA; ISSN: 1001-8255
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Chinese
IT 28745-68-8, Thiofedrine
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(thiofedrine inhibition of thrombosis in coronary heart disease)
RN 28745-68-8 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

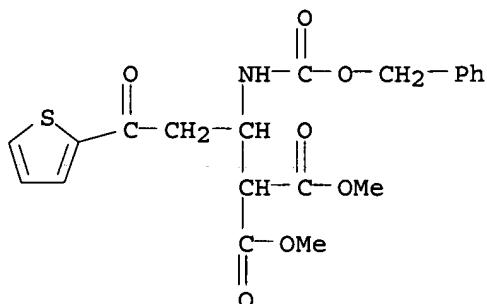


L4 ANSWER 31 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 05 Oct 1991
AB Alkylation of benzyl vinylcarbamate (I) and propene with the anions of di-Et methylmalonate or di-Me malonate in the presence of palladium(II) chloride, followed by cross-coupling or carbonylative cross-coupling with organostannanes, effected an overall dialkylation or alkylation/acylation of the monoolefin substrate. Thus, a solution of I and PdCl₂(MeCN)₂ in THF was treated with NaCMe(CO₂Et)₂ at -78° and then CH₂:CHSnMe₃ at -30° and the solution warmed to room temperature to give 80% (EtO₂C)₂CMeCH(CH₂CH:CH₂)NHCO₂CH₂Ph. Complete control of stereochem. in this palladium(II)-assisted reaction was observed by using optically active ene carbamates, affording β-amino unsatd. keto esters in good chemical yields and excellent optical purity.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:535148 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:135148
TITLE: Palladium(II)-assisted dialkylation and alkylation/acylation of optically active ene carbamates via trialkylorganostannane cross-coupling and carbonylative coupling processes
AUTHOR(S): Masters, John J.; Hegedus, Louis S.; Tamariz, Joaquin
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Colorado State Univ., Fort Collins, CO, 80523, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1991), 56(19), 5666-71
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 115:135148
IT 135741-08-1P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 135741-08-1 HCAPLUS
CN Propanedioic acid, [3-oxo-1-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-3-(2-

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thienyl)propyl-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 32 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 24 Feb 1985

AB Keto-allylic systems with a heterocyclic ring in γ -position, i.e. RCH:CH(CH₂Br)COR₁ (R = 2-furyl, R₁ = Ph; R = 2-thienyl, R₁ = Ph, 2-thienyl, OMe), were prepared. These undergo nucleophilic substitution reactions with amines, in which replacement of Br at the bromomethyl group takes place in contrast to the benzene analogs, where the nucleophile attacks the γ -C of the keto-allylic system.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:62010 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:62010

TITLE: Nucleophilic substitution reaction of keto-allylic systems with a heterocyclic ring in γ -position

AUTHOR(S): Zvak, Vladimir; Kovac, Jaroslav; Dandarova, Miloslava; Gracza, Tibor; Kriz, Miroslav

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Org. Chem., Slov. Inst. Technol., Bratislava, 812 37, Czech.

SOURCE: Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications (1984), 49(8), 1764-73

CODEN: CCCCAK; ISSN: 0366-547X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

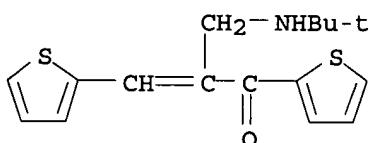
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 102:62010

IT 93698-46-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 93698-46-5 HCPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-one, 2-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino]methyl]-1,3-di-2-thienyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



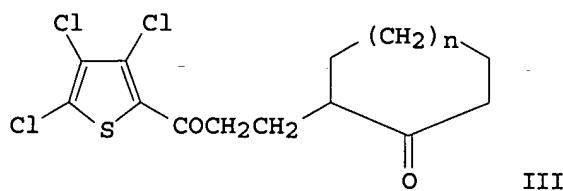
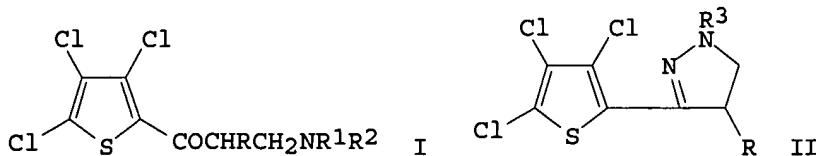
L4 ANSWER 33 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 29 Sep 1984

GI

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AB Mannich bases I [R = H, Me, R₁ = R₂ = Me, R₁ = H, R₂ = Me, Et, PhCH₂; R₁R₂ = (CH₂)₅, (CH₂)₄O] were prepared and then they were treated with H₂NNHR₃ (R₃ = H, Ph) to give the corresponding hydrazones, which were cyclized to give 50.5-84.6% pyrazoles II (R = H, Me; R₃ = H, Ph). Treating I (R = H, R₁ = R₂ = Me) with cyclohexanone and cyclopentanone gave III (n = 0, 1).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:510812 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:110812

TITLE: Studies on the chlorination of organic compounds and transformations of chlorinated derivatives. XIX. Aminomethylation of 2-acyl-3,4,5-trichlorothiophenes and the study of some reactions of Mannich bases

Saakyan, A. M.; Safaryan, A. A.; Akopyan, A. N.

CORPORATE SOURCE: USSR

SOURCE: Armyanskii Khimicheskii Zhurnal (1984), 37(4), 261-5

CODEN: AYKZAN; ISSN: 0515-9628

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 101:110812

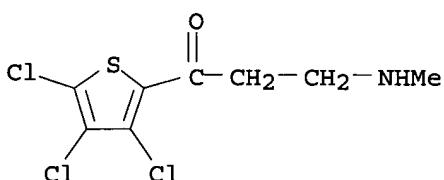
IT 91707-96-9P 91707-97-0P 91707-98-1P

91708-00-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 91707-96-9 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-(methylamino)-1-(3,4,5-trichloro-2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



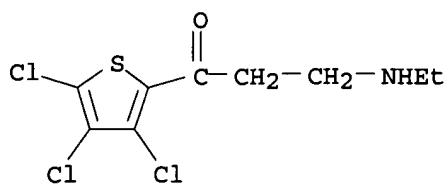
● HCl

RN 91707-97-0 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-(ethylamino)-1-(3,4,5-trichloro-2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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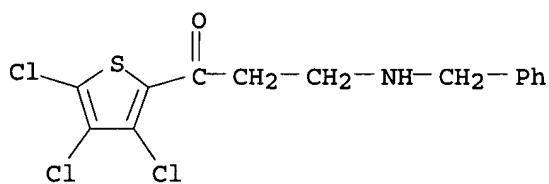
30/05/2006



● HCl

RN 91707-98-1 HCPLUS

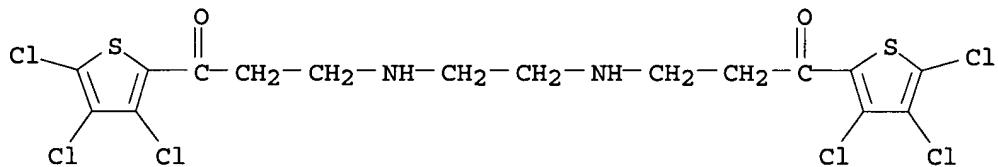
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(phenylmethyl)amino]-1-(3,4,5-trichloro-2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 91708-00-8 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3,3'-(1,2-ethanediylidimino)bis[1-(3,4,5-trichloro-2-thienyl)-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



●2 HCl

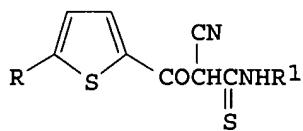
L4 ANSWER 34 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

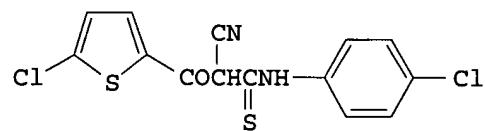
GI

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30/05/2006



I



II

AB Title compds. (I; R = H, halo, lower alkyl or alkoxy; R1 = C3-6 cycloalkyl, aryl, furfuryl) and their salts were prepared as inflammation inhibitors (no data). Thus, 2-(bromoacetyl)-5-chlorothiophene was treated with KCN and the product nitrile treated with 4-ClC6H4NCS to give the title compound II.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:68161 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:68161

TITLE: Substituted thenoylthiocarbamoylacetonitriles and pharmaceutical preparations containing them

INVENTOR(S): Uhlendorf, Joachim; Leyck, Sigurd

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nattermann, A., und Cie. G.m.b.H., Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 11 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3217446	A1	19831124	DE 1982-3217446	19820508
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1982-3217446	19820508

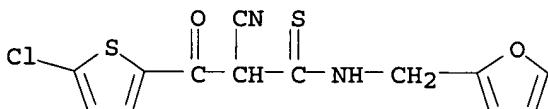
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 100:68161; MARPAT 100:68161

IT 88579-07-1P 88579-13-9P 88579-15-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as inflammation inhibitor)

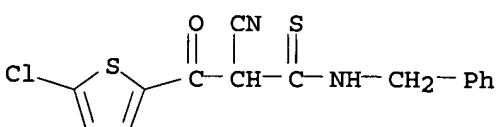
RN 88579-07-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenepropanethioamide, 5-chloro- α -cyano- β -oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 88579-13-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenepropanethioamide, 5-chloro- α -cyano- β -oxo-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



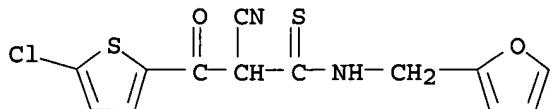
RN 88579-15-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenepropanethioamide, 5-chloro- α -cyano- β -CH2-Ph (CA INDEX NAME)

Young, Shawquia

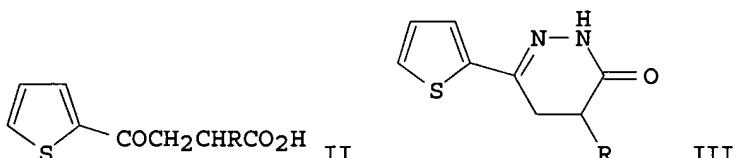
30/05/2006

β -oxo-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Na

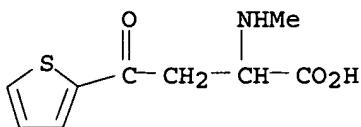
L4 ANSWER 35 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
GI



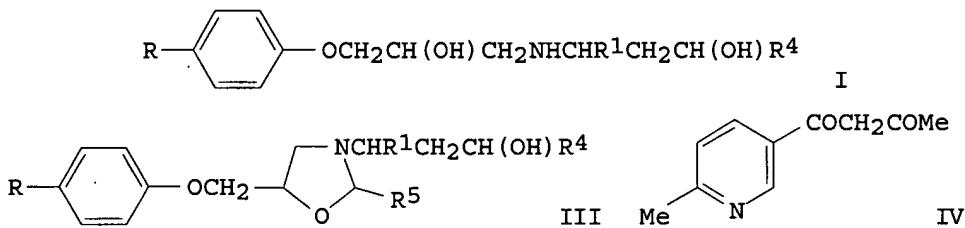
AB Treatment of 3-(thenoyl)acrylic acid (I) with indole, 2-methylindole, and Et 2-methylpyrrole-3-carboxylate gave 64-93% II [R = indol-3-yl, 2-methylindol-3-yl, 2-methyl-3-(ethoxycarbonyl)pyrrol-5-yl] and 70-97% of the corresponding Me esters. Cyclization of II by N2H4·H2O gave 63-96% III (R as above). Amination of I with NH3 gave 75% amide. Addnl. obtained were 67-86% amides from MeNH2, piperidine, morpholine, aziridine and imidazole.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:156662 HCPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:156662
TITLE: Reaction of β -thenoylacrylic acid with some nucleophilic reagents
AUTHOR(S): Grigoryan, G. V.; Agbalyan, S. G.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Khim., Yerevan, USSR
SOURCE: Armyanskii Khimicheskii Zhurnal (1980), 33(10), 856-61
CODEN: AYKZAN; ISSN: 0515-9628
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 94:156662
IT 77253-25-9P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 77253-25-9 HCPLUS
CN 2-Thiophenebutanoic acid, α -(methylamino)- γ -oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Young, Shawquia



L4 ANSWER 36 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
 GI



AB A process was claimed for the preparation of the title compds. I [R = alkoxy(methyl, alkoxyalkoxy, hydroxyalkoxy, NHCONR2R3 (R2 and R3 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl; NR2R3 = a saturated 5- or 6-membered monocyclic heterocyclic group, if necessary, having an O or S as addnl. hetero atom, and containing C1-4 alkyl or alkoxy, C3-4 alkenyl, C5-7 cycloalkyl groups); R1 = H, Me; R4 = a C-bound aromatic or quasi-aromatic 5- or 6-membered monocyclic ring with 1 or 2 N, O, and(or) S atoms, which can be substituted by 1 or more Me groups] as well as their aldehyde condensation products and acid addition salts, whereby one hydrogenates 4-RC6H4OCH2CH(OH)CH2NHCR1:CHCOR4 (II), 4-RC6H4OCH2COCH2NHCR1:CHCOR4, or 4-RC6H4OCH2COCH2NHCHR1CH2CH(OH)R4, or, if one preps. I (R1 = H), one hydrogenates 4-RC6H4OCH2COCH2NHCH2CH2COR4 or 4-RC6H4OCH2CH(OH)CH2NHCH2CH2COR4 and one converts the compound formed into an oxazolidine III (R5 = H, C1-4 alkyl) with R5CHO, or, if necessary, with an acid into an acid addition salt. Thus, 4-MeO(CH2)4OCH2CH(OH)CH2NH2, nicotinoylacetone IV, EtOH, and HCO2H were heated to 50° and stirred an addnl. 20 h at room temperature to give II [R = MeO(CH2)4O, R1 = Me, R4 = 2-methyl-5-pyridyl] which was reduced with NaBH4 at 70° in EtOH 7 h to give the corresponding I. IV was prepared by stirring 5-acetyl- α -picoline, PhMe, EtOAc, and KOCMe3 20 h at 40°. An addnl. 27 I, 2 I salts, and 1 III were prepared. Selected I had ED50 0.003-0.093 mg/kg (dog), as β 1-receptor inhibitors and ED50 1.02-15.59 mg/kg (dog) as β 2-receptor inhibitors [vs. 0.238 and 26.505 for 4-Me2CHNHCH2CH(OH)CH2OC6H4NHAc] and are useful in treating arrhythmia and other heart disorders.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:105151 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:105151
 TITLE: 1-Phenoxy-3-aminopropan-2-ol derivatives and their acid addition salts
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cassella Farbwerke Mainkur A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
 SOURCE: Austrian, 14 pp.
 CODEN: AUXXAK
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
 PATENT INFORMATION:

30/05/2006

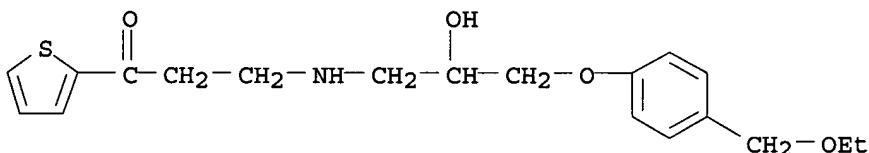
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
AT 339305	B	19771010	AT 1974-10164	19741219
AT 7410164	A	19770215		
US 4088764	A	19780509	US 1974-531344	19741210
FI 7403631	A	19750628	FI 1974-3631	19741216
NO 7404530	A	19750630	NO 1974-4530	19741216
SE 7415761	A	19750630	SE 1974-15761	19741216
DK 7406547	A	19750825	DK 1974-6547	19741216
DD 117071	C	19751220	DD 1974-183198	19741219
ZA 7408082	A	19760128	ZA 1974-8082	19741219
SU 559643	D	19770525	SU 1974-2085461	19741219
SU 598557	D	19780315	SU 1974-2085234	19741219
HU 171726	P	19780328	HU 1974-CA376	19741219
CA 1047512	A1	19790130	CA 1974-216421	19741219
US 4066768	A	19780103	US 1976-669995	19760324
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			LU 1973-34590	A 19731227
			US 1974-531344	A2 19741210

IT 65752-91-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reduction of)

RN 65752-91-2 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[[3-[4-(ethoxymethyl)phenoxy]-2-hydroxypropyl]amino]-1-(2-thienyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 37 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB Thirty-two RCOCH₂CH₂NHCHMeCHPhOH (I, R = heterocyclyl), useful for treatment of heart disease at 0.1-500 mg oral doses, were prepared by treating 1-norephedrine with acetyl derivative of the appropriate heterocycle. Thus, a mixture of 12.6 g 2-acetylthiophene, 18.7 g 1-norephedrine hydrochloride, 4 g paraformaldehyde in 20 ml Me₂CHOH was refluxed with 0.2 mole concentrated HCl for 2 hr to give 17 g I (R = 2-thienyl).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:443189 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 83:43189

TITLE: Indole aminoketones

INVENTOR(S): Posselt, Klaus; Thiele, Kurt

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Deutsche Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt vorm.

Roessler, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: U.S., 8 pp. Continuation-in-part of U. S. 3,658,845
(CA 77;19630s).

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

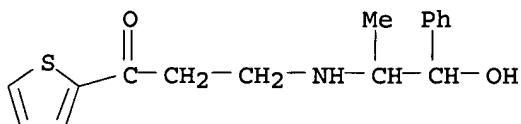
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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Young, Shawquia

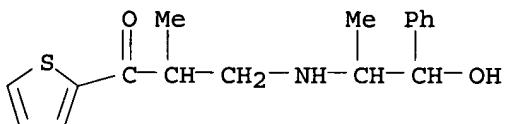
30/05/2006

US 3859305	A	19750107	US 1971-137575	19710426
US 3514465	A	19700526	US 1967-693138	19671226
US 3658845	A	19720425	US 1970-18300	19700310
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 1967-693138	A3 19671226
			US 1970-18300	A2 19700310
			DE 1966-D51910	A 19661230
			DE 1966-D51911	A 19661230
IT 28745-69-9P	28745-89-3P	28745-90-6P		
28763-18-0P	38977-57-0P	55895-74-4P		
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) -				
(preparation of)				
RN 28745-69-9	HCAPLUS			
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				



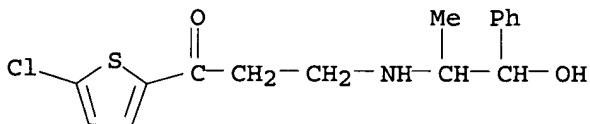
● HCl

RN 28745-89-3 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-2-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 28745-90-6 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 1-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



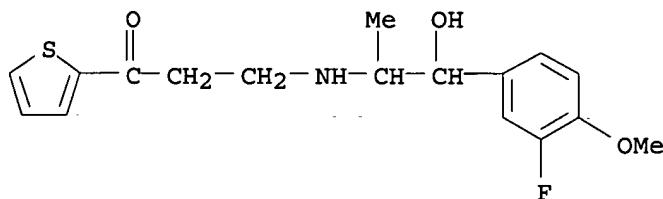
● HCl

RN 28763-18-0 HCAPLUS

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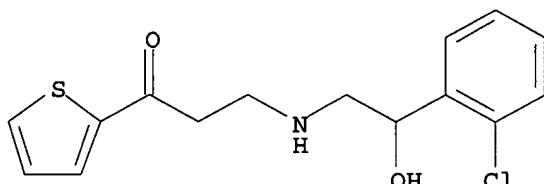
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride, (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 38977-57-0 HCPLUS

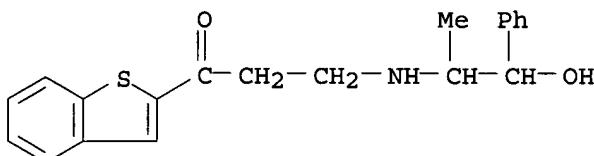
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 55895-74-4 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 1-benzo[b]thien-2-yl-3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenyl)amino]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L4 ANSWER 38 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB Eight $\text{RCOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NHCHMeCH(OH)C}_6\text{H}_4\text{OH-p.HCl}$ I (R = 2-furyl, 2-, and 3-thienyl, 1-methyl-3-indolyl, etc.) were prepared. Thus, 2-acetylthiophene was treated with 4-hydroxynorephedrine.HCl and paraformaldehyde to give I (R = 2-thienyl). At 5-500 μg I were coronary dilators. At $1.4 + 10^{-5}$

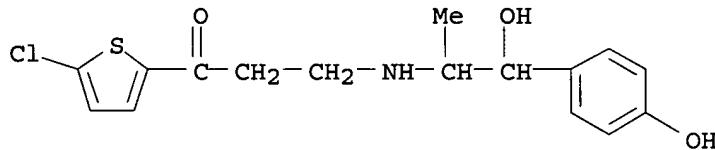
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to 2.8 + 10-7 g/ml I had bronchospasmolytic activity. I were antiphlogistic at 10-500 mg/kg.

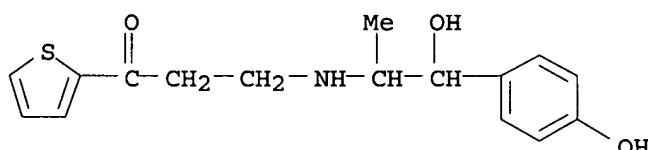
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:413378 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:13378
TITLE: 3-(3-[1-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-1-hydroxypropyl-(2)-amino]-propionyl-thiophene
INVENTOR(S): Posselt, Klaus
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Deutsche Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt vorm. Roessler
SOURCE: U.S., 5 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3803173	A	19740409	US 1971-137576	19710426
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1971-137576	A 19710426
IT 35056-53-2P	35056-56-5P	35056-57-6P		
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)				
RN 35056-53-2	HCAPLUS			
CN 1-Propanone, 1-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-3-[[2-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]amino]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				



● HCl

RN 35056-56-5 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[[2-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

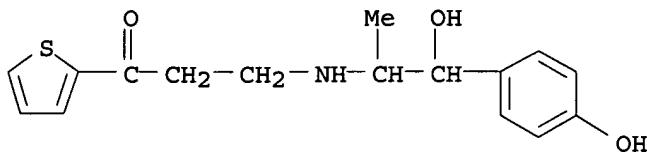


● HCl

RN 35056-57-6 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[[2-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl]amino]-1-(2-thienyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L4 ANSWER 39 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB The ketone (I, R = α -thienyl, α -furyl, 3-pyridyl, 2,4-dimethyl-5-thiazolyl, 3-benzothiophenyl, 3-quinolyl, etc. R1 = H, OMe, R2 = H, F; R3 = H,Cl) were prepared by treating an acetylheterocycle with norephedrine or its derivs. and paraformaldehyde. Thus, 12.6 g 2-acetylthiophene was treated with 18.7 g 1-norephedrine-HCl and 4 g paraformaldehyde to give 17 g I(R = 2-thienyl R1 = R2 = R3 = H). Several I were reduced to the corresponding alcs. I increased the cerebral and peripheral blood flow in narcotized dogs.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:136051 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 78:136051

TITLE: 2-3-Phenyl-3(hydroxypropylamino) ethyl-3-thienyl ketone

INVENTOR(S): Posselt, Klaus; Thiele, Kurt

SOURCE: U.S., 7 pp. Continuation-in-part of U.S. 3,514,465 (CA 73;7724n).

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3715369	A	19730206	US 1970-23455	19700327
DE 1670547	A	19701112	DE 1966-D51911	19661230
DE 1543538	A1	19760205	DE 1966-D51910	19661230
US 3514465	A	19700526	US 1967-693138	19671226
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1966-D51911	A 19661230
			US 1967-693138	A 19671226
			DE 1966-D51910	19661230

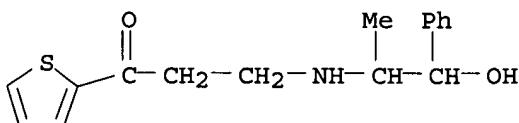
IT 28745-68-8P 28745-69-9P 28745-89-3P

28745-90-6P 28763-18-0P 38977-57-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 28745-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



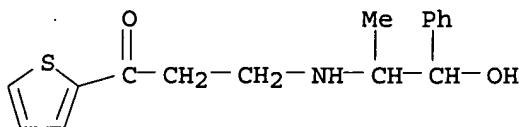
RN 28745-69-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-,

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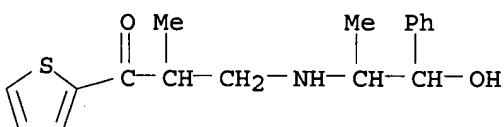
hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 28745-89-3 HCPLUS

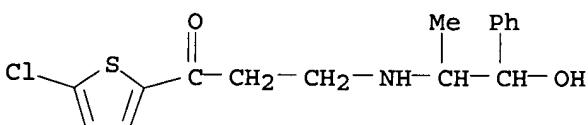
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-2-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 28745-90-6 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 1-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

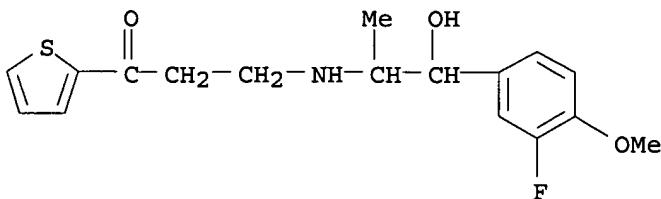


● HCl

RN 28763-18-0 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride, (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

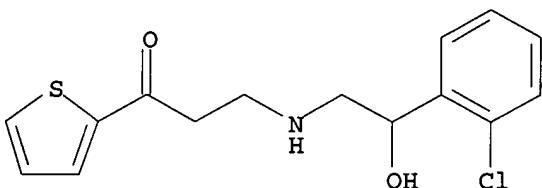
30/05/2006



● HCl

RN 38977-57-0 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[[2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxyethyl]amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L4 ANSWER 40 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB About 30 aminoketones RCOCHR1CH2NHCH2CH(OH)C6H4R2 (I, R = 1,3,5-trimethyl-4-pyrazolyl, 2,4-dimethylthiazolyl, 1,3-dimethyl-4-pyrazolyl, 1-benzyl-2,4-pyrazolyl, thiienyl, methylenedioxophenyl etc., R1 = H, Me, R2 = H, Cl, 3,4-Cl(MeO)) were prepared from 1-norephedrine-hCl and acetyl heterocycles. Thus, 27 g 1,2,3-trimethylacetyl-pyrazole was treated with 33 g 1-norephedrine-HCl, paraformaldehyde, and concentrated HCl to give 14.5 g I (R = 1,3,5-trimethyl-4-pyrazolyl).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:552179 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:152179

TITLE: Pyrazole and pyrazolinone amino ketones

INVENTOR(S): Posselt, Klaus; Enkheim, Bergen; Thiele, Kurt

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): deut ge

SOURCE: U.S., 6 pp. Continuation-in-part of U.S. 3,514,465 (CA 76;72214n).

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3686206	A	19720822	US 1970-19511	19700313
DE 1670547	A	19701112	DE 1966-D51911	19661230
DE 1543538	A1	19760205	DE 1966-D51910	19661230

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FR 8021	M	19700803	FR 1967-8021	19671229
GB 1203810	A	19700903	GB 1967-1203810	19671229
AT 286978	B	19710111	AT 1967-11809	19671229
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1966-D51910	A 19661230
			DE 1966-D51911	A 19661230

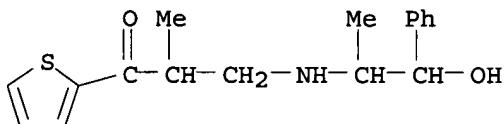
IT 28745-89-3P 28763-18-0P 35576-10-4P

35580-28-0P 38977-57-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 28745-89-3 HCAPLUS

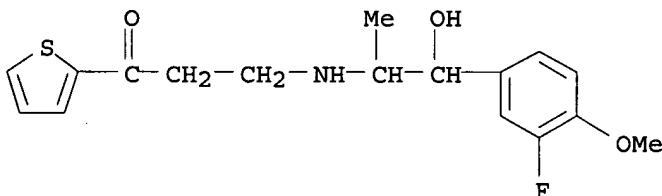
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-2-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 28763-18-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[[2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl]amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride, (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

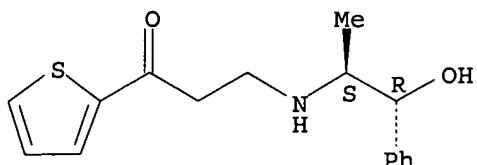
RN 35576-10-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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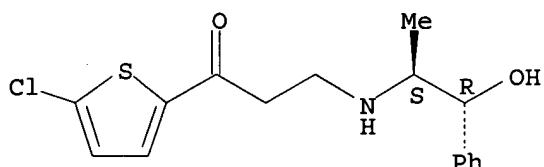


● HCl

RN 35580-28-0 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 1-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-3-[(2-thienyl)methyl]-, hydrochloride, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

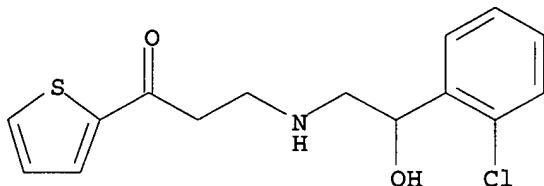
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 38977-57-0 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L4 ANSWER 41 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB Division of U.S. 3,514,465 (CA73: 77214m). Twenty-four RCOCH₂CH₂NHCHMeCHPhOH (I, R = heterocycle) and 5 RCH(OH)CH₂CH₂NHCHMeCHPhOH (R = heterocycle), were prepared. Thus, 4-methyl-2-acetylthiazole, norephedrine-HCl, paraformaldehyde, and HCl in iso-PrOH was refluxed 2 hr to give I.HCl (R = 4-methyl-2-thiazolyl).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:419630 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:19630

TITLE: Benzothiophene amino ketones and amino alcohols

Young, Shawquia

30/05/2006

INVENTOR(S) : Posselt, Klaus; Thiele, Kurt
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Deutsche Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt vorm.
Roessler
SOURCE: U.S., 5 pp. Division of U.S. 3,514,465 (CA 73;77214m).
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5
PATENT INFORMATION:

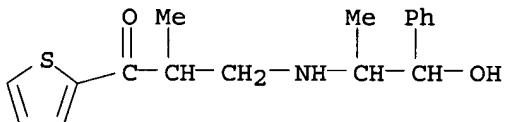
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3658845	A	19720425	US 1970-18300	19700310
DE 1670547	A	19701112	DE 1966-D51911	19661230
DE 1543538	A1	19760205	DE 1966-D51910	19661230
FR 8021	M	19700803	FR 1967-8021	19671229
GB 1203810	A	19700903	GB 1967-1203810	19671229
AT 286978	B	19710111	AT 1967-11809	19671229
US 3859305	A	19750107	US 1971-137575	19710426
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1966-D51910	A 19661230
			DE 1966-D51911	A 19661230
			US 1967-693138	A3 19671226
			US 1970-18300	A2 19700310

IT 28745-89-3P 28763-18-0P 35576-10-4P
35580-28-0P 37421-99-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 28745-89-3 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-2-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



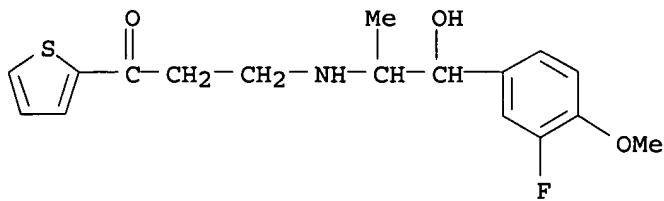
● HCl

RN 28763-18-0 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[[2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl]amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride, (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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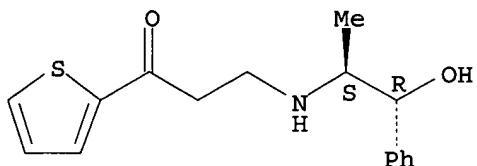


● HCl

RN 35576-10-4 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

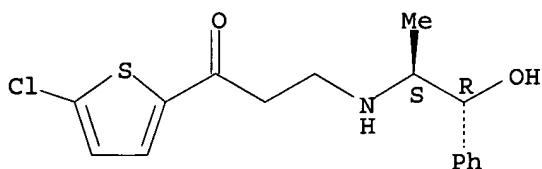


● HCl

RN 35580-28-0 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 1-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-, hydrochloride, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

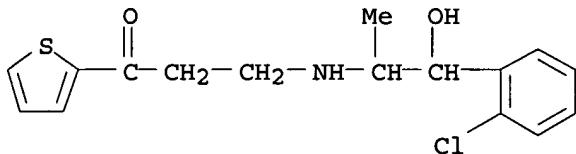


● HCl

RN 37421-99-1 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

30/05/2006



● HCl

L4 ANSWER 42 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Continuation-in-part of U.S. 3,514,465 (CA 73: 77214n). -Acetylthiophene was treated with PhCH(OH)CHMeNH₂.HCl (I) and paraformaldehyde to give II (R = R₁ = R₂ = H) (III). About 20 analogs of III were prepared by treatment of I with paraformaldehyde and acetyl heterocycles (2-acetyl furan, acetylthiazoles, 3-acetylpyridine, acetylpyrazoles, 2-acetylbenzopyran, etc.). Two similar II (R = MeO, R₁ = F, R₂ = H; R = R₁ = H, R₂ = Cl) were prepared III and several of its analogs were reduced to the alcs. The compds. were coronary-dilating agents.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:113205 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 76:113205

TITLE: Thiazolyl and pyridyl amino alcohols

INVENTOR(S): Posselt, Klaus; Thiele, Kurt

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Deutsche Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt vorm. Roessler

SOURCE: U.S., 6 pp. Continuation-in-part of U.S. 3,514,465 (CA 73:77214n).

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

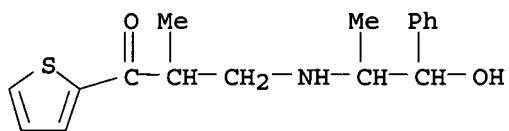
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3631055	A	19711228	US 1970-18279	19700310
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1970-18279	A 19700310
IT 28745-89-3P 35576-09-1P 35576-10-4P				
35580-26-8P 35580-28-0P 35580-29-1P				
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)				
(preparation of)				
RN 28745-89-3 HCAPLUS				
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-2-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

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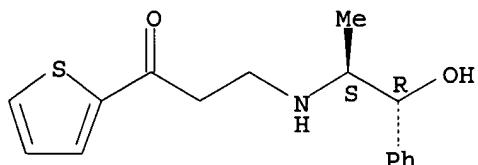


● HCl

RN 35576-09-1 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

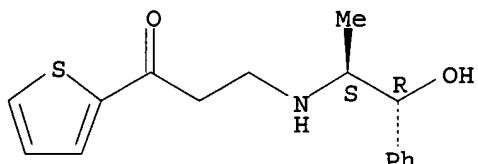
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 35576-10-4 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

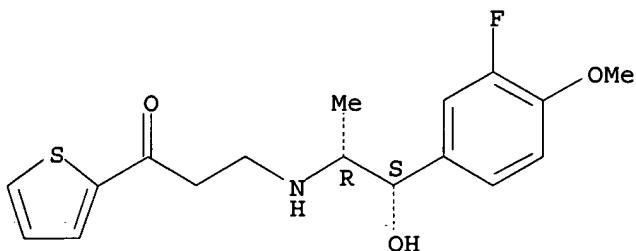
RN 35580-26-8 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride, (R*,S*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

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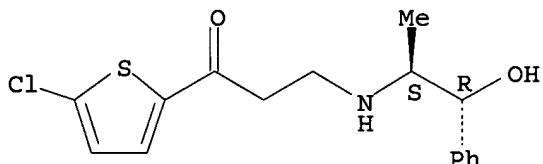


● HCl

RN 35580-28-0 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 1-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-, hydrochloride, [R-(R*,S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

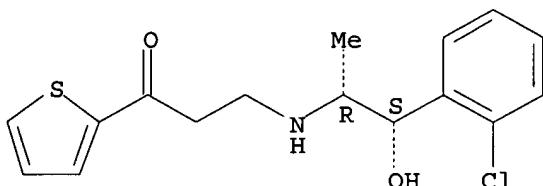


● HCl

RN 35580-29-1 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride, (R*,S*)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



● HCl

L4 ANSWER 43 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB Nine $\text{RCOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NHCHMeCH(OH)C}_6\text{H}_4\text{OH-p.HCl}$ (I) (e.g. R=2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl, 2-benzofuryl, and 1-methyl-3-indolyl), papaverine-like effective on blood circulation, heart, and as bronchospasmolytic agents and salicylamide-like effective as antiinflammatory agents, were prepared by reaction of

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4-hydroxynorephedrine-HCl (II) with RAc and HCHO or with RCOCH₂CH₂NMe₂. Thus, 11 g 2-acetyl furan was refluxed 2.5 hr with 3 g paraformaldehyde and 20.5 g II in iso-PrOH to give 8 g I (R=2-furyl).

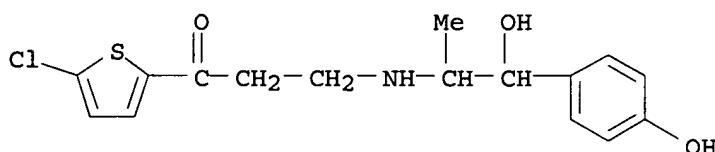
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:59440 HCPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 76:59440
TITLE: 3-[2-(p-Hydroxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethylamino]propionyl-substituted indoles, (benzo)furans, and (benzo)thiophenes
INVENTOR(S): Posselt, Klaus
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Deutsche Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt vorm. Roessler
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 23 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 21211104	A	19711111	DE 1971-2121104	19710429
AT 306710	B	19730425	AT 1970-3964	19700430
CH 555333	A	19741031	CH 1971-4582	19710330
FR 2092114	A5	19720121	FR 1971-15375	19710429
FR 2092114	B1	19740823		
JP 55029978	B4	19800807	JP 1972-42562	19720426
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			AT 1970-3964	A 19700430

IT 35056-53-2P 35056-56-5P 35056-57-6P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 35056-53-2 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 1-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-3-[(2-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethylamino]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



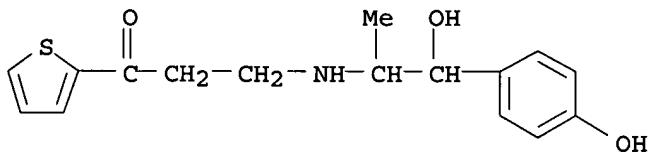
● HCl

RN 35056-56-5 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethylamino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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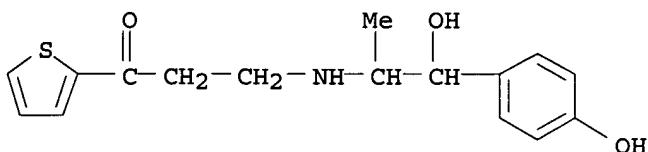
30/05/2006



● HCl

RN 35056-57-6 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-methylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 44 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB The title compds. $\text{PhCH}(\text{OH})\text{CHMeNHC}_2\text{H}_4\text{COA}$ (I), where A is a heterocyclic moiety, are stimulants to coronary blood flow. I are prepared by treating $\text{PhCH}(\text{OH})\text{CHMeNH}_2$ (II) with AcOMe and paraformaldehyde (III) or with $\text{AcOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$ or $\text{AcOCH}:\text{CH}_2$. Thus, 12.6 g 2-acetylthiophene (IV), 18.7 g II.HCl, and 4 g III in 20 ml iso-PrOH is treated with 0.2 mole concentrated HCl and refluxed 2 hr to give the HCl salt of I (A = 2-thienyl) (V), m. 191-2°. II (1.5 g) and 2.7 g 2-thienyl vinyl ketone in 60 ml Et₂O gave, after 0.5 hr, V, m. 118-20°. 2-(β -Chloropropionyl)thiophene (5.2 g), 4.5 g II, and 4 g Et₃N in Me₂NCHO gave V after 1 hr. Similarly, using the first method, are prepared the following I (A and m.p. HCl salt given): 2-furanyl, 186-7°; 2-(4-methylthiazolyl), 197-9°; 4-antipyryl, 206-8°; 3-pyridyl, 187-9°; 5-(2,4-dimethylthiazolyl), 208-10°; 5-(4-methyl-2-hydroxythiazolyl), 209-10°; 2-coumaronyl, 199-200°; 3-thionaphthetyl, 200-21°; 3-(1-methylindolyl), 194-5°; 3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl, 195-7°; 4-(1,3-dimethylpyrazolyl), 196°; 3-quinolyl, 205-6°; 4-isoquinolyl, 208°; 3-(1,2,4-trimethyl-5-carbethoxypyrrolyl), 178-80°; 6-(benzo-1,4-dioxanyl), 201°; 2-(benzo-1,4-dioxanyl), 178°; 4-(2-benzyl-10-hydroxydecahydroisoquinolyl), 182-3°; 2-(5-nitrofuryl), 210°; 4-(1,3,5-trimethylpyrazolyl), 191°; 4-(1-benzyl-3,5-dimethylpyrazolyl), 200°; 2-(5-chlorothienyl), 198°. Analogs of I were similarly prepared (reactants and m.p. of HCl salt of product given): (\pm)-[3,4-F(MeO)C₆H₃CH(OH)CHMeNH₂].HCl, IV, III, 208°; II.HCl, 2-propionylthiophene, III, 208°; (\pm)-[2-ClC₆H₄CH(OH)CH₂NH₂].HCl, IV, III, 158-60°. Other active compds. are prepared by reduction of the carbonyl of I with (iso-PrO)₃Al or NaBH₄ to give $\text{ACH}(\text{OH})\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{NHCHMeCH}(\text{OH})\text{Ph}$ (VI). Thus were prepared VI (A and m.p. of HCl salt given): 2-(4-phenylthiazolyl), 178-81°; 2-thenyl, 152-3°; 2-coumaranyl, 210-15°; 2-thionaphthetyl, 167-70°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:477214 HCPLUS

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DOCUMENT NUMBER: 73:77214
TITLE: Coronary dilating 2-(3-phenyl-3-hydroxy-2-propylamino)ethyl heterocyclic ketones
INVENTOR(S): Posselt, Klaus; Enkheim, Bergen; Thiel, Kurt
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Deutsche Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt vorm. Roessler
SOURCE: U.S., 6 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5
PATENT INFORMATION:

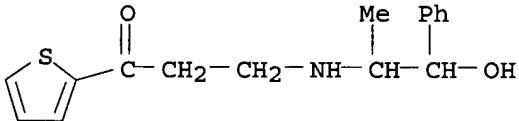
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3514465	A	19700526	US 1967-693138	19671226
DE 1670547	A	19701112	DE 1966-D51911	19661230
DE 1543538	A1	19760205	DE 1966-D51910	19661230
FR 8021	M	19700803	FR 1967-8021	19671229
GB 1203810	A	19700903	GB 1967-1203810	19671229
AT 286978	B	19710111	AT 1967-11809	19671229
US 3715369	A	19730206	US 1970-23455	19700327
US 3859305	A	19750107	US 1971-137575	19710426
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1966-D51910	A 19661230
			DE 1966-D51911	A 19661230
			US 1967-693138	A 19671226
			US 1970-18300	A2 19700310

IT 28745-68-8P 28745-69-9P 28745-89-3P
28745-90-6P 28763-18-0P 28763-19-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

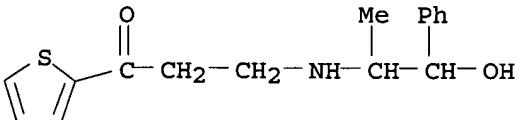
RN 28745-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 28745-69-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-,
hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



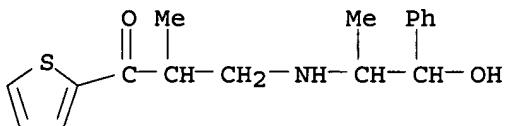
● HCl

RN 28745-89-3 HCAPLUS

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30/05/2006

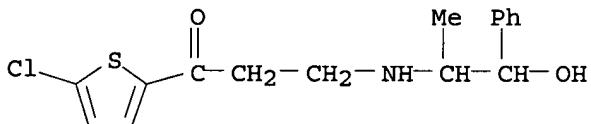
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-2-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 28745-90-6 HCAPLUS

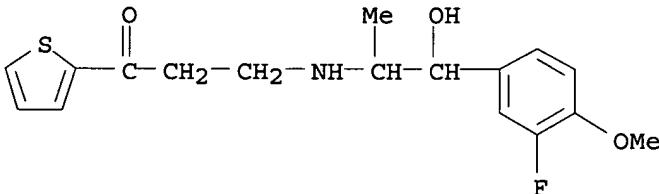
CN 1-Propanone, 1-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-3-[(2-hydroxy-1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amino]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 28763-18-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride, (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



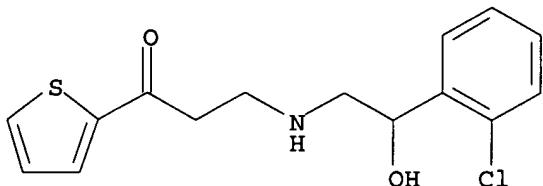
● HCl

RN 28763-19-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(o-chloro-β-hydroxyphenethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Rotation (+).

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● HCl

L4 ANSWER 45 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB Aralkyl amines $\text{Ph}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2)x\text{NH}(\text{CH}_2)y\text{Ph}\text{-HCl}$ (I), $\text{Ph}_2\text{CHNHCHMe}(\text{CH}_2)x\text{Ph}\text{-HCl}$ (II), $\text{Ph}_2\text{CHNHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CO R}$ (III), and $\text{RR}_1\text{NCHPhCH}_2\text{COR}_2$ (IV) are prepared. Thus, 1 mole organic chlorides $\text{Ph}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2)x\text{Cl}$ are treated with 1-4 moles amines $\text{H}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2)y\text{Ph}$ to give 57% $\text{N}-(3,3\text{-diphenylpropyl})\text{-N}-(\text{phenethyl})\text{amine}\text{-HCl}$, m. 207°, and the following I (x, y, m.p., and % yield given): 2, 1, 179°, 36; 2, 0, 215°, 16; 1, 1, 260°, 31; 0, 1, 238°, 34. Similarly prepared, from Ph_2CHBr , are (m.p. and % yield given): II (x = 1), 203-9°, 32; II (x = 0), 245°, 52. Benzhydrylamine (0.01 mole) is treated with 0.01 mole amino ketone $\text{RCOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NMe}_2\text{-HCl}$ to give 38% $\text{N-benzhydryl-N-(2-benzoylethyl)amine}$, m. 110°, and the following III (R. m.p., and % yield given): p-HOC₆H₄, 148°, 55; p-MeOC₆H₄, 105°, 40; p-CiC₆H₄, 118°, 50; p-BrC₆H₄, 118°, 50; 2-C₁₀H₇, 120°, 30; 2-thienyl, 56°, 56. Ketones $\text{PhCH}_2\text{-CHCOR}_2$ (0.01 mole) are heated with amines RR_1NH to give the following IV [R₁N, R₂, and m.p. given]: piperidino, tert-Bu, 65-6°; morpholino, tert-Bu, 87°; NPh, tert-Bu, 153°; p-Me₂NC₆H₄NH, Ph, 160°. Also prepared (according to related and known methods) are the following related compds. (m.p. given): $\text{Ph}_2\text{CHCH}_2\text{CONHCHMeCH}_2\text{Ph}$, 180-10°; $\text{Ph}_2\text{CHNHCH}_2\text{NHCHPh}_2$, 232°; $\text{Ph}_2\text{CHNHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{C}(:\text{NOH})\text{Ph}$, 125°; $\text{Ph}_2\text{CHNHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CHPhNH}_2\text{-2HCl}$, 255°; $\text{Ph}_2\text{NCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-C}(:\text{NOH})\text{Ph}$, 130°; $\text{Ph}_2\text{NCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CHPhNH}_2\text{-HCl}$, 214°; $\text{Ph}_2\text{CHNHCH}_2\text{COPh}$, 125°; 1,1 - diphenyl - 4 - (3 - methylpiperidino) - 2 - butanone - HCl, 194°; $\text{MeCH}(\text{NO}_2)\text{CH}_2\text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Ph}\text{-HCl}$, 125°; $\text{MeCH}(\text{NO}_2)\text{CH}_2\text{NHCH}_2\text{Pr-iso-HCl}$, 180°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:501431 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 71:101431

TITLE: Analogs of prenylamine [as potential coronary vasodilators]

AUTHOR(S): Collino, Franco

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Chem. Farm. Tossicol., Univ. Trieste, Trieste, Italy

SOURCE: Bollettino Chimico Farmaceutico (1969), 108(6), 255-67

CODEN: BCFAAI; ISSN: 0006-6648

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

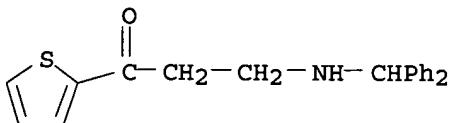
LANGUAGE: Italian

IT 23934-69-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 23934-69-2 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(diphenylmethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 46 OF 47 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

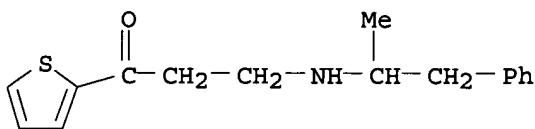
AB N-(ω -Arylalkyl)dialkylamines, RAr(CH₂)_nR₁R₂, where R is a phenyl or naphthyl group, 2-thienyl, or 2-furyl, are prepared. Thus, 15.1 g. 3-phenyl-3-hydroxypropylamine is treated with 14.5 g. PhCH₂CO₂Me and the product treated with 1.5 g. NaBH₄ to give 25 g. N-(3-phenyl-3-hydroxypropyl)-N-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amine-HCl (I), m. 158-60°. I (25 g.) is treated with 40 ml. SOCl₂ to give 30 g. N-(3-phenyl-3-chloropropyl)-N-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-amine-HCl (II), m. 152-4°. II (10 g.) is treated with 30-40 ml. C₆H₆ in the presence of 8 g. AlCl₃ to give 12 g. N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)-N-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)amine-HCl, m. 190-2°, (MeOH). Also prepared are (m.p. given): N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)dimethylamine-HCl, 186-8°; N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)-diethylamine-HCl, 172-4°; N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)dipropylamine-HCl, 146-8°; N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl) dibutylamine-HCl, 120-2°; N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)morpholine-HCl, 202-4°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-tolyl)propyl]dimethylamine-HCl, 182-4°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)propyl]dimethylamine-HCl, 178-80°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)propyl]dimethylamine-HCl, 184-6°; N-[3-(p-tolyl)-3-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)propyl]dimethylamine-HCl, 138-40°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]dimethylamine-HCl, 180-2°; N-[3-propyl-3-(p-tolyl)propyl]diethylamine-HCl, 156-8°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]diethylamine-HCl, 138-40°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]piperidine-HCl, 158-60°; N-[3-(p-tolyl)-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]piperidine-HCl, 140-2°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]pyrrolidine-HCl, 159-61°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]morpholine-HCl, 198-200°; N-[3-(p-tolyl)-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]morpholine-HCl, 180-2°; N-[3,3-diphenylpropyl]-1-azacycloheptane-HCl, 190-2°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-tolyl)propyl]-1-azacycloheptane-HCl, 184-6°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 206-8°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-tolyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 178-80°; N-[3-(p-ethylchlorophenyl)-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 200-2°. N-[3-(p-tolyl)-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 176-8°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 176-8°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 165-7°; N-[3-(p-fluorophenyl)-3-(p-tolyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 206-8°; N-(3,3-dimethylphenyl)-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)-N-methylamine-HCl, 168-70°; N-[3-(p-tolyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)-N-methylamine-HCl, 140-2°; N-[3,3-di(p-tolyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)-N-methylamine-HCl, 141-3°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)-N-methylamine-HCl, 164-6°; N-[3-(p-chlorophenyl)-3-(methyl-p-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 170-2°; N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amine-HCl, 204° and 205°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-tolyl)propyl]-N-(1-phenylethyl)amine-HCl, 196-8°; N-(3-m-tolyl)-3-(p-tolyl)propyl]-N-(1-phenylethyl)amine-HCl, 188-90°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-(1-phenylethyl)amine-HCl, 206-8°; N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)-N-(1-phenylpropyl)amine-HCl, 214-16°;

N-[3-phenyl-3-(p-fluorophenyl)propyl]-N-(1-phenylpropyl)amine-HCl, 218-20°; N-(3-phenyl-3-(p-tolyl)propyl)-N-(1-phenylpropyl)-amine-HCl, 208-10°; N-[3-(m-tolyl)-3-(p-tolyl)propyl]-N-(1-phenylpropyl)amine-HCl, 188-90°; N-[2,2-diphenylethyl]dimethylamine-HCl, 203-5°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(p-fluorophenyl)-ethyl]dimethylamine-HCl, 208-10°; N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)-diethylamine-HCl, 116-18°; N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)piperidine-HCl, 180-2°; amine maleate m. 140-2°; N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)morpholine-HCl, 211-13°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(p-fluorophenyl)ethyl]piperidine-HCl, 178-80°; amine maleate m. 152-4°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(p-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine maleate, 160-2°; N-(2-phenyl-2-(p-tolyl)-ethyl)-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine maleate, 168-70°; N-[2-(m-tolyl)-2-(p-tolyl)ethyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine maleate, 156-8°; N-[2-(0-tolyl)-2-(p-tolyl)ethyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine maleate, 152-4°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(p-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine maleate, 163-5°; N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)-N-methyl-N-(2-phenyl-1-methyl-ethyl)amine maleate, 134-6°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(p-fluorophenyl)-ethyl]-N-methyl-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine maleate, 140-2°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(p-tolyl)ethyl]-N-methyl-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine maleate, 146-8°; N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)amine maleate, 138-40°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(p-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(1-phenylethyl)amine maleate, 130-2°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(p-tolyl)ethyl]-N-(1-phenylethyl)amine maleate, 128-30°; N-[2-(m-tolyl)-2-(p-tolyl)ethyl]-N-(1-phenylethyl)-amine maleate, 128-30°; N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)-N-(1-phenylethyl)-amine maleate, 133-5°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(p-fluorophenyl)-ethyl]-N-(1-phenylpropyl)amine maleate, 130-2°; N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)-N-benzylamine-HCl, 210-12°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(p-tolyl)ethyl]-N-benzylamine-HCl, 203-5°; α -N-(3,3-diphenyl-propyl)morpholine-HCl, 196-8°.; β -N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)morpholine-HCl, 190-2°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-thienyl)propyl]dimethyl-amine-HCl, 132-4°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-thienyl)propyl]diethyl-amine-HCl, 123-5°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]diethyl-amine-HCl, 128-30°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-thienyl)propyl]piperidine maleate, 118-20°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-thienyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 178-80°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 144-6°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-furyl)propyl]dimethylamine maleate, 134-6°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-furyl)propyl]diethylamine maleate, 130-2°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(2-furyl)ethyl]diethylamine maleate, 122-4°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-furyl)propyl]piperidine maleate, 128-30°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(2-furyl)ethyl]morpholine maleate, 136-8°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-furyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)-amine maleate, 124-6°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(2-furyl)ethyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine maleate, 118-20°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(1-naphthyl)propyl]dimethylamine-HCl, 154-6°, amine picrate m. 166-8°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(1-naphthyl)propyl]diethylamine-HCl, 138-40°, amine picrate m. 150-2°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl]diethylamine-HCl, 130-2°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(1-naphthyl)propyl]piperidine-HCl, 128-30°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl]morpholine-HCl, 154-6°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(1-naphthyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 188-90°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propyl]dimethylamine-HCl, 140-2°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propyl]diethylamine-HCl, 136-8°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propyl]piperidine maleate, 128-30°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthyl)propyl]diethyl-amine-HCl, 98-110°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthyl)ethyl]diethylamine-HCl, 10° (-108°) [sic]; N-[3-phenyl-3-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthyl)propyl]piperidine maleate,

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112-14°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthyl)ethyl]-piperidine maleate, 118-20°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthyl)ethyl]morpholine-HCl, 110-12°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthyl)ethyl]morpholine-HCl, 104-6°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 160° (turbid) and 182-4°; N-[3-phenyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)-amine-HCl, 140-2°; N-[3-hydroxy-3-(2-thienyl)propyl]dimethyl-amine, 69-71°, HCl salt m. 158-60°; N-[3-chloro-3-(2-thienyl)-propyl]dimethylamine, 42-4°; N-[3-hydroxy-3-(2-thienyl)-propyl]diethylamine, 38-40°; N-[3-hydroxy-3-(2-thienyl)propyl]piperidine-HCl, 160-2°; N-[3-hydroxy-3-(2-thienyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine, 36-8°, ketone HCl salt m. 164-6°; N-[3-hydroxy-3-(1-naphthyl)propyl]dimethylamine-HCl, 144-6°; N-[3-hydroxy-3-(1-naphthyl)propyl]diethylamine-HCl, 132-4°; N-[3-hydroxy-3-(1-naphthyl)propyl]piperidine, 112-14°; N-[3-chloro-3-(1-naphthyl)propyl]piperidine, 98-100°, HCl salt m. 178-80°; N-[3-hydroxy-3-(1-naphthyl)-propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine, 34-6°; N-[3-chloro-3-(1-naphthyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenylpropyl)amine-HCl, 152-4°; N-[3-hydroxy-3-(2-naphthyl)propyl]dimethylamine, 90-2°; N-[3-chloro-3-(2-naphthyl)propyl]dimethylamine-HCl, >240°; N-[3-hydroxy-3-(2-naphthyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)-amine-HCl, 170-2°, ketone HCl salt m. 158-60°; N-[3-chloro-3-(2-naphthyl)propyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine-HCl, 154-6°; 3-phenyl-3-chloropropylamine-HCl, 110-12°; 3,3-diphenylpropylamine-HCl, 204-6°; N-(3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl)piperidine, 54-6°; N-(3-phenyl-3-chloropropyl)piperidine-HCl, N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl)piperidine-HCl, 208-10°; N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine, 168-70°; N-[2-phenyl-2-(p-toly)ethyl]-N-(2-phenyl-1-methylethyl)amine maleate, 166-8°; N-[N-hydroxy-3-(2-naphthyl)propyl]diethylamine, 34-6°; N-[3-chloro-3-(2-naphthyl)propyl]piperidine, 80-2°; N-[3-chloro-3-(2-naphthyl)propyl]piperidine-HCl, >250°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:46160 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:46160
TITLE: New method for preparation of diaryl alkyl amines
AUTHOR(S): Klosa, Josef
CORPORATE SOURCE: Privatlab., Berlin-Zehlendorf, Germany
SOURCE: Journal fuer Praktische Chemie (Leipzig) (1966), 34(5-6), 312-34
CODEN: JPCEAO; ISSN: 0021-8383
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: German
IT 13732-63-3P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 13732-63-3 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanone, 3-[(α -methylphenethyl)amino]-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

L4 ANSWER 47 OF 47 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB A group of ketonic Mannich bases was synthesized by means of the Mannich reaction for pharmacol. study. Some of these bases were reduced with (iso-PrO)3Al (I) to nitrophenyl amino alcohols for use as side chains in future studies. Other bases were brominated to give ketonic nitrogen mustards for study against cancer. Except for appreciable in vitro antituberculous activity of some of the bases, the compds. gave no noteworthy pharmacol. results. The method of Maxwell [Organic Syntheses, Collective Volume III, 305(1955)] was used to prepare the following R'C6H4COCH2CH2NR2 (all as HCl salts, except where otherwise noted) (R', NR2, % yield, m.p. given): p-Cl, NMe2, 71, 176°; p-Cl, NET2, 60, 145°; p-Cl, piperidino, 56, 190° (HBr salt, m. 205°); p-Br, piperidino, 42, 188° (HBr salt); p-Br, 1-pyrrolidyl, 69, 199°; p-MeO, NMe2, 75, 181° (HBr salt, m. 182°); p-MeO, 1-pyrrolidyl, 38, 184°; p-MeO, NHCH2Ph, 29, 183°; m-MeO, NMe2, 81, 168°; p-HO, NMe2, 56, 192°; m-HO, NMe2, 50, 180°; o-HO, NMe2, 33, 156°; p-Ph, NMe2, 69, 192°; p-O2N, NMe2, 72, 191°; p-O2N, NET2, 66, 150°; p-O2N, 1-pyrrolidyl, 61, 185°; p-O2N, piperidino, 51, 200° (HBr salt, m. 189°); p-O2N, NPr2, 26, 140°; p-O2N, N(CH2CH2OH)2, 19, 146°; p-O2N, morpholino, 62, 218°; m-O2N, 1-pyrrolidyl, 63, 182°; m-O2N, piperidino, -, 180°. The following compds. were prepared similarly: 2-(β-1-pyrrolidylpropionyl)thiophene HCl salt, m. 169-70°; 2-(β-benzylaminopropionyl)thiophene HCl salt, m. 174-5°; PhCH:CHCOCH2CH2N.CH2.CH2.O.CH2.CH2, m. 178°; PhCH:CHCOCH2CH2N.CH2.CH2.CH2.CH2, m. 178°; 2,3-(MeO)2C6H3CH:CHCOCH2CH2N.CH2.CH2.CH2.CH2, m. 155°; 4-O2NC6H4CH:CHCOCH2CH2N.CH2.CH2.CH2.CH2, m. 196°. To a hot slurry of 20 g. I and 3.3 g. anhydrous AlCl3 in 175 ml. Me2CHOH (II) was added 4-O2NC6H4CH:CHCOCH2CH2NMe2, the mixture brought to full reflux, maintained 15 min. at that temperature, the condenser turned downward for distillation, stirring

and removal of Me2CO continued for 2 hrs. (until a neg. test for Me2CO was obtained in the distillate), the condenser reinserted upright, refluxed 10 min., the condenser turned downward for distillation, and a few drops of distillate collected in which a neg. test for Me2CO was obtained; the residual II was removed in vacuo, the residue cooled, treated with 200 ml. ice-cold 10% HCl, the suspension dissolved in 375 ml. H2O, the solution made strongly basic with 40% KOH with cooling and stirring, extracted with Et2O, the extract washed with saturated NaCl solution, dried overnight with Na2SO4, filtered, treated with anhydrous HCl, the resulting oil kept 48 hrs. in the refrigerator, the resulting solid filtered off, and washed with cold Me2CO to give 10.4 g. 4-O2NC6H4CH:CHCH(OH)CH2CH2NMe2.HCl, m. 180-1°. The following R'C6H4CH(OH)CH2CH2NR2.HCl were similarly prepared (R', NR2, %

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yield, m.p. given): H, NMe₂, 65, 134°; p-O₂N, NMe₂, 65, 176°; p-O₂N, NET₂, 54, 140°; p-O₂N, 1-pyrrolidyl, 61, 168°; p-O₂N, piperidino, 55, 177°; p-O₂N, 4-morpholino, 67, 185°; m-O₂N, NMe₂, 42, 188°. Bromination of the appropriate ketonic base-HBr salts in AcOH (method of Land, et al., C.A. 41, 2038b) gave the following 4-R'C₆H₄COCHBrCH₂NR₂ (all as HBr salts except where otherwise noted) (R', NR₂, % yield, m.p. given): H, piperidino, 85, 185°; H, morpholino, 85, 181°; Cl, NMe₂, 78, 191° (HCl salt); Cl, piperidino, 82, 175°; Br, NET₂, 80, 150°; Br, piperidino, 81, 168°; MeO, NMe₂, 86, 169°; MeO, piperidino, 87, 145°; O₂N, piperidino, 84, 182°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1958:61218 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 52:61218

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 52:11067a-i

TITLE: Ketonic Mannich bases and the products of their reduction and bromination

AUTHOR(S): Nobles, Lewis W.; Burckhalter, J. H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. of Kansas, Lawrence

SOURCE: Journal of the American Pharmaceutical Association, Scientific Edition (1958), 67, 77-81

CODEN: JAPMA8; ISSN: 0095-9553

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

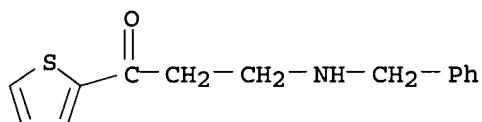
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 52:61218

IT 108245-96-1, 1-Propanone, 3-benzylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (preparation of)

RN 108245-96-1 HCPLUS

CN 1-Propanone, 3-benzylamino-1-(2-thienyl)-, hydrochloride (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

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